Alexandria Gazette.

VOL. LXII. TUESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 19, 1861. NO. 42.

Alexandria Gazette and Virginia Advertiser.
PUBLISHED DAILY BY
EDGAR SNOWDEN & SONS,
At Eight Dollars per annum, payable half yearly.

Alexandria Gazette and Virginia Advertiser,
(*FOR THE COUNTRY.*)
IS PUBLISHED, REGULARLY, ON
TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS, AND SATURDAYS,
At Five Dollars per annum, payable in advance.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.—Advertisements not exceeding one Square, inserted three times for One Dollar. Advertisements continued after three times for 50 cents a Square FOR EACH INSERTION INSIDE, or 25 cents OUTSIDE.
Advertisements by the year at prices to be agreed upon, having reference to the usual amount of space they may occupy.
DISPLAYED ADVERTISEMENTS charged for extra.
Persons advertising by the year not to advertise articles not included in their regular business, nor to insert in their advertisements any other names than their own.
MARRIAGES and OBITUARY NOTICES, exceeding five lines, will be charged for as advertisements.

THE STEAMER THOMAS COLLYER, leaves Alexandria at 4¾, 8, 10, 12, 2¼, 4 and 5¾ o'clock.
Leaves Washington at 6½, 9, 11, 1, 3, 5 and 6½ o'clock.
feb 8 S. BAKER, Captain.

OLD REGULAR LINE FOR NEW YORK.—The packet schooner HAMILTON, Captain Ogden, will have despatch. For freight, apply to WM. H. FOWLE & SON,
feb 6 No. 4. South Wharves.

CUNARD LINE!
STEAM TO LIVERPOOL AND CORK!
VIA QUEENSTOWN.
THE FASTEST
SCREW STEAMERS AFLOAT

Australasian	3,100	Tons.
Jura	2,400	"
Etna	2,400	"
Kedar	2,300	"

SAILING EVERY ALTERNATE THURSDAY.
FROM NEW YORK:

	Cabin.	Steerage.
To Liverpool and Cork	$75.00	$30.00

TO NEW YORK:

	Cabin.	Steerage.
From Liverpool	$75.00	$40.00
From Cork	75.00	30.00

Children half price.
Passengers going by this well-known Line, will always be sure of first class and fast steamers, of every comfort and attention, and a good supply of provisions.
Persons wishing to send for their friends, can obtain certificates of passage at the above rates.
For passage, apply to
aug 3—tf FOWLE & CO., Alexandria, Va.

NEW YORK, WASHINGTON, GEORGETOWN, AND ALEXANDRIA PACKETS.
OLD REGULAR LINE.
Schooner ARCTIC, Captain Hicks.
" STATESMAN, Capt. C. M. Mott.
" HAMILTON, Capt. Ogden.
" FAIRFAX, Capt. S. Mott.
" SURPRISE, Capt. Cole.
" YORKTOWN, Capt. Woglom.
SAIL WEEKLY.
AGENTS:
New York, SAFFORD & DODGE,
52 Front street.
Georgetown and Washington,
McCOBB & DODGE.
Alexandria,
WM. H. FOWLE & SON,
sep 10 No. 4, South Wharves.

HATS, CAPS, BONNETS, &c.

FURS! FURS!! FURS!!!
JOHN T. EVANS,
RESPECTFULLY informs the Ladies that he has the largest collection of FURS ever offered for sale in this market, viz: Sable Mink, Stone Martin, Fitch, Siberian Squirrel, Water Mink, Rock Martin, French Sable, &c.; Ermine and Swansdown Trimmings. All of the above will be sold wholesale and retail at reduced prices.
FURS made and repaired at the shortest notice.
The Ladies are invited to call and examine my stock of Furs. oct 18

HATS AND CAPS!
JOHN ARNOLD has just received from New York a sample stock of
THE FALL STYLES,
Embracing every variety of *FRENCH FELT, MOLESKIN, and CASSIMERE HATS.* Also, a complete assortment of
CHILDREN'S FANCY HATS AND CAPS.
Being in receipt of our NEW FASHIONS, we are prepared to fill all orders for SILK HATS. A call is solicited to examine the NEW STYLES.
Phœnix Hall Hat and Cap Store.
aug 29—tf

FURS.—I have received another lot of fine FURS for ladies, such as SABLE, MINK SQUIRREL, &c., which will be sold at a very small profit. The ladies are invited to call and examine them. [nov 20] JOHN T. EVANS.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED AN additional supply of FASHIONABLE RIBBONS, FLOWERS, &c., choice styles, by the steamer Monticello.
nov 20 JOHN T. EVANS.

CABINET, CHAIR, AND SOFA MANUFACTORY, *No. 130 King street, Alexandria, Va.*—Having lately fitted up one of the handsomest and most spacious Warerooms in the city, for the FURNITURE BUSINESS, I respectfully invite public attention to my large stock of FURNITURE, which I am constantly increasing. Persons visiting our city will find it to their advantage to give me a call, as the range of my GOODS, in respect to quality and price, is such as to cover the wants and views of all. My stock comprises Mahogany Sofas, Rocking, Cane and Wood Seat Sitting Chairs, Sideboards, Dressing Bureaus, (marble top and plain,) Marble Top and Plain Wash Stands, Marble Top Sofa, Card, Book, and Fancy Tables, Cottage Set, Bedsteads of all patterns, such as High, Fielding, French, Low-Post, Trundle Bedsteads, several patterns of Cottage Bedsteads; Hat Racks, Wardrobes, Looking Glasses, and a large number of other articles embraced in the business.
Beds, Bolsters, Pillows, Mattresses, &c. constantly on hand.
oct 2—tf JAMES H. DEVAUGHN.

WILLIAM H. FOWLE & SON,
No. 4, South Wharves,
—OFFER FOR SALE—
PERUVIAN GUANO, of direct importation to this port, per Ship Conquest.
BAKER'S ISLAND, or AMERICAN CO'S. GUANO, cargo of Ship Mary Bradford.
KETTLEWELL'S MANIPULATED GUANO, composed of pure Peruvian and Nevassa Guanos, thoroughly integrated by machinery.
WHITE MEXICAN A. A., very superior.
BAUGH & SON'S SUPER PHOSPHATE OF LIME, from raw-bones.
PAYNTER'S SUPER PHOSPHATE.
GROUND RAW-BONES. jy 26

1 PUNCHEON very superior Old Jamaica Rum
1 " " fine Old Scotch Whiskey
5 qr. casks fine Old Madeira Wine
5 " " " " Sherry Wine, in store, and for sale by
dec 21 HUNTON & RIDGELY.

BROOMS! BROOMS!! BROOMS!!!
JUST to think that I am determined to sell BROOMS to our merchants in Alexandria, Washington, and Georgetown, and that I will now sell them 5 per cent. lower than they can be bought any where north of this place.
L. HERRING, Royal-street,
dec 5 four doors south of King, Alex'a.

BONNETS OF ENTIRE NEW SHAPES.—I have on hand and am manufacturing daily, Velvet, Silk, Satin, and Mode Bonnets, of an entirely new shape, to which I invite the attention of the ladies. I have the above goods in Black, Blue, Brown, Green, Drab, Magenta and Solferino; also, mixed colors. [dec 6] RICHARDS.

HARDWARE AND HOUSEKEEPING ARTICLES at prices to suit the times, at No. 88, King street.—JOHN T. CREIGHTON is now selling at No. 88, King street, his entire stock of goods at prices to suit the times. Great bargains, for cash. Call and see. jan 19

150 DOZEN BROOMS.—Now is the time, if you want a bargain. I will sell at your prices, by calling at the Broom Factory, Royal street, South of King.
jan 18 L. HERRING.

DOOR MATS of Rope, Manilla, Cocoa, Jute Alicante, Inside Mats, Table Mats, for sale by
nov 26 JOHN OGDEN

ORANGE & ALEXANDRIA RAILROAD.

ON and after SATURDAY, January 12th, 1861, a TRAIN will leave Alexandria daily, for Lynchburg and the Southwest, connecting at Gordonsville with the Trains on the Virginia Central Railroad, for Richmond, Charlottesville, Staunton, &c., and with the Train on the Manassas Gap Railroad, for Woodstock, Mt. Jackson, &c.
Through Tickets to RICHMOND, LYNCHBURG, KNOXVILLE, MEMPHIS, NASHVILLE, MOBILE, MONTGOMERY, and NEW ORLEANS, at the Ticket Office, corner of Duke and Henry streets.
Leave Alexandria at 7.15, A. M., and arrive at Lynchburg at 3 40, P. M.
Leave Lynchburg at 5.10, A. M., and arrive at Alexandria at 1.50, P. M.
J. M. BROADUS, General Ticket Agent.
jan 12—tf

MANASSAS GAP RAILROAD.

PASSENGERS for this Road will leave the Alexandria Station, in the Orange Train, at 7, A. M., daily (Sundays excepted.) arrive at Alexandria at 2, P. M. Through tickets by this route to Middleburg and Winchester.
The Trains leave Mount Jackson daily (Sundays excepted,) at 7:30, A. M., and arrive at Alexandria at 1:55, P. M.
jy 6—tf EDWARD GREEN, Treasurer.

NEW ARRANGEMENT.
THROUGH TICKETS TO RICHMOND.

BY AGREEMENT with the Alexandria, Loudoun and Hampshire Railroad Company, *Through Tickets will hereafter be issued over the Orange and Alexandria and Central Railroads, from all the Stations on the Alexandria, Loudoun and Hampshire Road to Richmond at reduced prices.*

Fare from Arlington to Richmond			$5.75
"	"	Vienna	6.10
"	"	Herndon	6.45
"	"	Guildford	6.60
"	"	Farmwell	6.75
"	"	Leesburg	7.00
"	"	Berryville	8.50
"	"	Winchester	8.75

Children and Servants with the usual deductions. E. FONTAINE,
President of Virginia Central Railroad.
TICKETS for sale at all the above named Stations on the Alexandria, Loudoun and Hampshire Railroad. W. BLYTHE,
General Superintendent, A., L. & H. R. R.
feb 13—tf

THROUGH TO RICHMOND.

THE ORANGE AND ALEXANDRIA, AND VIRGINIA CENTRAL RAILROADS are selling tickets through between Alexandria and Richmond, as heretofore. J. M. BROADUS,
feb 12 General Ticket Agent.

NOTICE.

ON AND AFTER Monday next, the freight trains of the Orange and Alexandria Railroad, will leave Alexandria on Monday and Friday only, and return on Tuesday and Saturday.
J. F. LATHAM, Agent Transportation,
jan 7 Orange and Alexandria R. R. Co.

FOR THE NORTH, WEST, and NORTHWEST.

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.
CHANGE OF HOURS.
ON AND AFTER MAY 27th, 1860, trains will leave Calvert Station:
The Mail Train daily (except Sundays) at 8.30 A. M., for Elmira, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, and all parts of Western New York, and Canada. Also, for Pittsburg, Chicago, Cleveland, Cincinnati, St. Louis, and all parts of the West, Northwest and Southwest. For Emmitsburg, Lancaster, Lebanon, Reading and Pottsville, and Owings' Mills, Reisterstown, Manchester, Md., and Westminster, and for Chambersburg and Carlisle, Pa., and for Hagerstown, Maryland.
The Express Train daily at 5.30 P. M. for Buffalo and the North, and Canada, and for Pittsburg and all parts of the West and Northwest and Southwest.
Travellers can go by either of these trains to Detroit and Chicago via Niagara Falls at the same cost as by any other route.
A new route to New York is now open by this road via Harrisburg, Reading, Allentown, Easton and Jersey City, with only one change of Cars, over first class roads. Take the 8.30 A. M. train through by daylight, at as low fare as by any other route.
Travellers from Washington and the South by the 6.20 A. M. and 3.20 P. M. trains, make connections with the trains over this road.
Buy tickets only to Baltimore.
For Tickets and information, apply at the Ticket Office, Calvert Station, N. E. corner of Calvert and Franklin streets, Baltimore.
JAS. C. CLARKE, Superintendent.
JOHN T. RIGNEY, Assistant Super't.
J. H. WARNER, Ticket Agent.
Baltimore, je 7—tf

MAIL LINE.
NEW ARRANGEMENT, MAY 21st, 1860.
ALEXANDRIA, LOUDOUN and HAMPSHIRE RAILROAD.

DAILY LINE BETWEEN ALEXANDRIA and WINCHESTER, (*Sundays excepted,*)
Via Fall's Church, Vienna, Fairfax C. H., Hunter's Mill, Thornton, Herndon, Guilford, Farmwell, LEESBURG, Hamilton, Purcellsville, Snickersville, Castleman's Ferry, and Berryville, by the Alexandria, Loudoun and Hampshire Railroad and Means & Fawcett's first class Mail Coaches.
On and after Monday, 21st inst., will leave the Depot at Alexandria, at 8 A. M., and arrive at Winchester at 5, P. M.
Leave Winchester at 5, A. M., and Leesburg 11½, A. M., arriving at Alexandria 2, P. M., in time for immediate connexion with Washington and Baltimore.
—FARE:—
To and from Winchester, $3.25; Berryville, $3; Leesburg, $1.50. Intermediate points in proportion. W. BLYTHE,
my 17—dtf General Superintendent.

1860. Spring and Summer Arrangement. 1860.

ADAMS' EXPRESS COMPANY
INVITE the attention of the public to the facilities afforded by this Company, for the quick and safe conveyance of Specie, Bank Notes, valuable packages, heavy and bulky freight, &c.
EXPRESSES for the East, to Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, Providence, Hartford, &c., close at our office daily, at 1 o'clock, P. M.
EXPRESSES for the South, to Richmond, Fredericksburg, Petersburg, and for points in North Carolina, South Carolina, and Georgia, close at our office daily, at 1 o'clock, P. M.
EXPRESSES for Lynchburg, Bristol, Knoxville, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, New Orleans, and intermediate points, (via Orange and Alexandria Railroad,) close at our office at 6.30, A. M., and 6.30, P. M., daily.
Our EXPRESSES are always accompanied by careful and trustworthy messengers, and the public can rely upon all business entrusted to us being done with safety, punctuality, and despatch.
RATES.—From Baltimore, 50 cents per 100 lbs.; from Philadelphia, $1; from New York, $1,50.
No packages of goods taken by weight, unless weighing over 200 lbs.
my 8—tf R. W. FALLS, Agent.

NEGROES WANTED.—We wish to purchase any number of NEGROES, of both sexes, for cash. All letters addressed to us, at this place, will receive prompt attention. Having bought the establishment, lately occupied by Millan & Grigsby, West end Duke street, and having refitted it to make it one of the most healthy and comfortable Depot for NEGROES, we will receive them on board on the usual terms.
aug 30—eotf PRICE & COOK.

NEGROES WANTED.—I wish to purchase any number of NEGROES, for which I will pay liberal prices. Those wishing to sell, will do well to call on me before selling, at my old stand, at West End, Alexandria, Va.
aug 18—dtf JOSEPH BRUIN.

FIRE INSURANCE NOTICES, &c.

SOUTHERN PROTECTION INSURANCE
COMPANY,
ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA.
CAPITAL OVER 350,000 DOLLARS,
AND CONSTANTLY INCREASING.
The Charter of this Company offers more favorable advantages to the farmer and others, than any Company chartered in the State, by insuring with or without a premium note. If the applicant prefer, he can pay the full amount of the premium in cash, or by effecting a cash insurance for two years, the insured saves one-eighth of the amount he would otherwise have to pay; or by becoming a member, and giving a small premium note, the insured saves nearly one-half of the amount charged by Stock Companies, when insuring from year to year. This is the advantage resulting from the combination of the
CASH AND MUTUAL PRINCIPLE.
This Company commenced issuing Policies against loss or damage by fire, on the 13th day of March, 1854, since which time over seven thousand seven hundred persons have insured and become members of the Company, and over seventy thousand dollars have been paid for losses. Having increased our business during the past year, we feel grateful for the liberal patronage bestowed upon the Company thus far, and for its flattering prospects of future usefulness. The Directors hope and believe, that, by prudence, caution, and a rigid system of economy, they will establish for this Company's reputation for cheapness and safety not surpassed by any Company in the U. States.
All differences in settlement of losses, may be determined by three disinterested arbitrators of the County where such loss happened, to be mutually chosen by the insured and the Company.
DIRECTORS:

H. W. Thomas,	Ben. F. Nalle,
T. B. Robertson,	James T. Close,
Dr. R. H. Stabler,	Thomas T. Hill,
Christopher Neale,	R. H. Carter,
P. D. Lipscomb,	Wm. Wright,
Silas Biglow,	R. F. Lester,
W. M. Turner,	George E. French,
A. R. Blakey,	Wm. C. Knight.

OFFICERS:

H. W. Thomas, Pres't.	Dr. R. H. Stabler, Tre'r.
T. B. Robertson, V. Pres't	Wm. Wright, Secretary.

T. T. HILL, Actuary & General Agent.
my 7—e&d1y

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY!
No. 1 MOORGATE STREET, LONDON.
(*Established in 1836.*)
Capital, $6,298,000. *Annual Revenue,* $1,200,000.
GETTY & LIEBING, Agents,
OFFICE 425 CHESTNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

London Directors.

George G. Anderson.	Duncan James Kay,
Charles Bell.	Sir Chas. R. McGrigor, Bart.
Thomas N. Farquhar.	William Westgarth.

William Miller, M. P., *Chairman.*
A. P. Fletcher. *Secretary.*
Edward Fuchs. *Vice Secretary.*

The Policies of the NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY are not only guaranteed by a Large Capital, but also by the unlimited personal responsibility of over 700 Shareholders.
Losses promptly Adjusted and Paid, without reference to London.

Philadelphia Board of Reference.

Stuart & Brother.	Gaw, Macalester & Co.
Myers, Claghorn & Co.	Jos. B. Mitchell, esq., Pres. Mech. Bk
James Graham & Co.	James Dunlap, esq., Pres. Union Bk.
McCutcheon & Collins.	Hon. W. A. Porter, late Judge Sup. Ct
Smith, Williams & Co.	

New York References

Duncan, Sherman & Co.	J. R. Jaffray & Sons.
Abr'm. Bell's Sons.	George H. Stuart & Co.
J. & J. Stuart & Co.	Robert & Williams.

JAMES T. CLOSE, AGENT,
jan 11—1y Office, Exchange Block, Alex., Va.

THE VIRGINIA FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OFFICE, No. 131, MAIN STREET, RICHMOND.
CHARTERED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF VA. IN 1832
CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS $240,000.
THIS OLD COMPANY insures Buildings, Merchandise, Household Furniture, and Personal Property generally, in city, town, or country, against Loss or Damage by Fire, on favorable terms.
Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid. No charge for Policy or Survey.
Applications addressed to the Agent at Alexandria, will receive prompt attention.
INSURE AND KEEP INSURED!
W. L. COWARDIN, President.
WILLIAM WILLIS, JR., Secretary.
EDWARD B. POWELL,
nov 15—1y Agent for Alexandria

THE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF ALEXANDRIA, continues to insure against Fire, generally, in Town and Country as heretofore, on the most reasonable terms.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
ANTHONY P. GOVER, President.

William Gregory,	Edward S. Hough,
Robert Jamieson,	James P. Smith,
Thomas R. Keith,	Robert G. Violett,
William H. Fowle,	Thomas McCormick,
John H. Brent,	C. W. Wattles.
John B. Daingerfield,	

Office hours from 9 to 1½, and from 2½ to 3½ o'clock. C. W. WATTLES, Secretary.
Office on King street, near St. Asaph.
nov 10—d1y

THE POTOMAC INSURANCE COMPANY OF ALEXANDRIA offers reliable insurance for such FIRE and MARINE RISKS as they may receive at their Office, No. 11 FAIRFAX STREET. Also, as a Savings' Bank, receives MONEY ON DEPOSITE, allowing interest, and investing the same agreeably with their Charter.
Board of Directors:
D. BOYD SMITH, PRESIDENT.

R. S. Ashby,	Wm. N. McVeigh,
Cassius F. Lee,	N. Boush,
Benjamin Barton,	Lewis McKenzie.

nov 10—tf E. B. POWELL, Sec'y.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT.—The large and desirable two story BRICK DWELLING, on Cameron street, at present occupied by the Rev. Wm. C. Blount. Possession given about the middle of January. For terms, apply at FRENCH'S Book and Periodical Store, 104 King-street.
jan 2—tf

FOR RENT.—The STORE No. 51, at the corner of King and Fairfax streets. Also, the STORE next door, No. 55 King street.
jan 1—eotf JOHN WEST.

DWELLING FOR RENT.—The three story BRICK DWELLING, No. 21, South Fairfax street, occupied by the undersigned, is for rent. Possession will be given on the 10th of January, 1861.
dec 21—dtf I. LOUIS KINZER.

DWELLING FOR RENT.—Intending to remove from the city, I offer for rent my DWELLING HOUSE, No. 121 King street, the house is large and well arranged and is in good order. For terms apply at the house, or to Andrew Jamieson, esq.
oct 2—tf JAMES P. SMITH.

FOR RENT.—The three story STORE, No. 41½, King-street, with the three story WAREHOUSE in the rear. Apply to
mh 3—tf JAMES P. SMITH.

CUMBERLAND COAL FOR SALE, by the ton, delivered in any part of the city, at—
$5 per ton for Lump
4 " " " Run of Mine.
Orders promptly executed, and may be left at Dr. R. H. Stabler's Drug Store, corner of King and Washington streets, N. Boush's Ship Chandlery, South Wharves, or B. M. FRANKS,
dec 3—d3m Agent, upper Coal Wharf.

PARIAN WARE.—We have just received two hogsheads of Parian Ware of our own importations, consisting of Vases, Pitchers, Rose Water Ewers, Cologne Bottles, Match Boxes, Hot Punch and Molasses Jugs, suitable for Christmas presents, which we offer at greatly reduced prices.
12 mo 13 R. H. MILLER, SON & CO.

WALL PAPERS, of all the very latest patterns, furnished and hung in the best manner, at J. P. CLARKE'S New Paper Hanging and Window Furnishing Store, No. 158, King-street. oct 22

WOOD! WOOD!! WOOD!!!
WOOD SAWED, SPLIT, and delivered in any part of the city at short notice. Orders left at our Store will be promptly attended to.
nov 1 C. F. SUTTLE & CO.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

NEW AND INSTRUCTIVE BOOKS.—Cousin Bertha's Stories, by the author of "Fanny Herbert," &c., 50c
The Golden Rule, or Stories illustrative of the Ten Commandments, by the author of "A Trap to catch a Sunbeam," &c., 75c.
Unity and its Restoration, addressed to all Christians by a Presbyter of the Diocese of Illinois, 50c.
Money or the Ainsworths, a Prize Book, by the author of "Day-dreams," "The Barclays," &c., 60 cts.
Coleman's Historical Text Book and Atlas of Biblical Geography, $1.50.
What we Eat, with simple tests by which the adulterations in food and drink may be detected, by T. H. Haskins, M. D., 75c
Up the River, being the latest of Stories of "Rainbow and Lucky," by Jacob Abbott, 50c.
Notes on New Testament Literature, and Ecclesiastical History, by Rev. J. Addison Alexander, D. D., $1.
Thoughts on Preaching, being Contributions to Homilectics, by Rev. James W. Alexander, D. D., $1.25.
The Character of Jesus, forbidding his possible Classification with men, by Horace Bushnell, 50c.
The Physicians Hand Book of Practice for 1861, by Wm. Elmer, $1.25.
The Odyssey of Homer, with the Hymns, Epigrams and Battle of the Frogs and Mice, literally translated, with explanatory notes, by Theo. A. Buckley, B A., of Christ Church, 75c.
All the above, and many others just published, and for sale by
feb 1 JOHN H. PARROTT.

NEW BOOKS.—CAMP FIRES OF THE REVOLUTION, thrilling events and stories, with illustrations, $1.
The Childrens Picture Fable Book, one hundred and sixty fables, and sixty illustrations, 75 cents.
Studies from Life, by the author of "John Halifax Gentleman," "Head of the Family," &c., 75c.
Win and Wear, an admirable book for the young, 75 cents.
Working and Waiting, or Patience in Well Doing, by Mrs. Carey Brock, 50 cents.
Commentary on the Sermon on the Mount, by Dr. A. Tholuck, $2.25.
The Giants, and how to fight them, by Rev. Richard Newton, author of "Best Things," &c., 50 cents.
The Printer's Boy, or how Ben Franklin made his mark, an example for youth, 75 cents.
A Manual of History of the United States, with the Declaration of Independence and Constitution of the United States, by D. B. Scott, 25 cents.
Woman's Right to Labor, or low wages and hard work, by C. H. Dall, 50 cents.
Just published and for sale by
jan 16 JOHN H. PARROTT.

NEW BOOKS, MAGAZINES, NEWSPAPERS, AND PERIODICALS, for sale at *FRENCH'S Book and Periodical Depot, No. 104, King street.*
Hopes Fears, by author of "Heir of Redcliffe," etc., 2 vols. Muslin, $1.50.
Grand double number of the London Illustrated News, with colored Supplement, Christmas number, by far the handsomest number ever issued, 50c.
The Metropolitan Catholic Almanac, and Laity's Directory for 1861, published by Messrs. Murphy & Co., 25c.
Diaries, all sorts and sizes, for 1861.
Almanacs for 1861—Farmer's, Housekeepers', Comic, Family Christian Almanacs, Cassell's London Illustrated Almanac, Richardson's Virginia, Almanac, Hagerstown do., etc., etc.
Cooper's, Macomb's Tactics, new edition, a complete Hand Book for the Militia and Volunteers of the United States $1.25.
Evan Harrington, or he would be a Gentleman, 1 vol. 12mo. cloth, $1.
Dr. Antonio, by author of Dr. Thorn, $1.
Lavinia, a Novel, by Ruffine, 1 volume, cloth, $1.25.
The Greatness and Decline of Cesar Birotteau, from the French of Bals c, $1.
Petty Annoyances of Married Life, from the same, $1.
Quiet Thoughts for Quiet Hours, by author of "Life's Morning," "Life's Evening," &c., 75c.
English Magazines—Temple Bar for January, a new Magazine, English copy, 37c.
London Punch Almanac for 1861, 12½c.
Cornhill Magazine for January, 37c.
Once a Week for January, 37c.
Eclectic, Harper, Godey, Peterson, Arthur's, Knickerbocker, Leslie's Fashion Book, and all the Magazines for January. Now is the time to subscribe. jan 7

NEW BOOKS, MAGAZINES AND PAPERS at *GEO. SIGGERS' Book and Periodical Store, 75 Prince street, opposite the Gazette Office.*
Harper's new Monthly Magazine for January, 25c.
Cassell's Illustrated Family Bible, Part 21, 15c.
Cassell's Illustrated Natural History, Part 20, 15 cts.
The Character and influence of Abolitionism, a sermon preached in the First Presbyterian Church, of Brooklyn, by Rev. Henry J. Van Dyke, 10c.
The Pictorial Brother Jonathan, for the Christmas and New Year's Holidays, 12c.
Beadle's Dime Novels, No. 13, entitled Cedar Swamp, or Wild Nat's Brigade, a tale of the Palmetto State, by Wm. R. Eyster, 10c.
Beadle's Dime Biographical Library, No. 1, Garibaldi, The Washington of Italy, 10c.
Beadle's Half Dime Novelette, No. 1, Myrtle, the Child of the Prairie, by Rose Kennedy.
Long's Dime Romances, The Naval Officer, by Lieut. Murray.
The People's five cent Novelette's, The Red Shark, or the Pride of the Isles, by Augustus Comstock.
Comic Monthly for January, 6c.
All the Magazines for January, and papers for this week, on hand publishers at prices.
Daily Papers.—N. Y. Herald, Baltimore Clipper, Alexandria Gazette, and every thing in the cheap Book and Periodical line. dec 24

GREAT BARGAINS FOR CASH.—The 1st of January, 1861, finds me at the old stand, (166 King street,) with more BOOKS, STATIONARY and VARIETY GOODS, than I have any use for and it would require too much time and take up too much room to give the names.
Besides which, I have one of the best and largest stocks of MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS and MUSICAL MERCHANDISE ever offered for sale in Alexandria, including PIANOS, MELODEONS, GUITARS, &c., &c.
And in addition to the above, I have near ten thousand pieces of sheet Music and something less than a hundred different kinds of Musical Works, vocal and instrumental.
In conclusion, I will just say, I am prepared to offer great inducements for cash or to punctual dealers, as I am determined to sell without any regard to former rates. Please call soon and call very often. [jan 1] JOHN H. PARROTT

VALENTINES! VALENTINES!!—A very large and complete assortment just opened at FRENCH'S Book and Periodical Depot, No 104 King street.
My assortment embraces a great variety of new, style Valentines, at very low prices. Valentine Cards, Envelopes, and Writers, in great variety. Orders from Country Merchants filled at the lowest prices.
A fresh supply just received of Gilham's Manual for Volunteers and Militia, $2.50.
Godey, Harper, Leslie, Peterson's, Arthur's, Eclectic, Blackwood, Ballou's Once a Week, Cornhill and all the Magazines for February.
Constantly receiving new Books, Papers, Magazines, Reviews, Periodicals, &c. jan 24

A VALUABLE WORK.—*The Annotated Paragraph Bible,* containing the Old and New Testaments, according to the authorized version, arranged in paragraphs and parallelisms, with Explanatory Notes, prefaces to the several Books, and an entirely new selection of references to parallel and illustrative passages, in two handsome octavo volumes, published by the London Religious Tract Society, price $6. For sale by
dec 19 ROBERT BELL.

A PRIZE STORY BOOK.—*Money,* or The Ainsworth's Prize Story Book, by the author of "Day Dreams," "The Bardays," &c., published by the Presbyterian Publication Committee, price 62½c., just received by
jan 17 ROBERT BELL.

JUST IN SEASON!—A further and full supply of GILHAM'S VIRGINIA TACTICS, price $2.50, or by mail, pre-paid, $2.75, just received, and for sale by
jan 22 ROBERT BELL.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

MORE BOOKS, NO END TO BOOKS.—Grapes of Eschol, or Gleanings from the Land of Promise, by the author of "Morning and Night Watches," 60c.
Help Heavenward, or Words of Strength and Heartcheer to Zion's Travellers, by Rev. O. Winslow, D. D., 50c.
Marion Leslie, or the Light at Home, with an introduction by Rev. Henry A. Boardman, 50c.
Prayer for Rulers, or Duty of Christian Patriots, a discourse delivered by Rev. Wm. Adams, of New York, January 4th, 1861, 15c.
Bible View of Slavery, a discourse delivered at the Jewish Synagogue, New York, by Rev. M. J. Raphall. January 4th, 1861, 15c.
Evenings with the Doctrines, by Rev. Nehemiah Adams, author of "Friends of Christ," "Christ a Friend," &c., $1.25.
Camp-Fires of the Revolution, illustrated by thrilling events and stories, by Henry C. Watson, $1.50.
The Great Preparation, or Redemption Draweth Nigh, by Rev. John Cumming, of Scotland, author of "The Great Tribulation," &c., first and second series, $1 each.
Sinai and Zion, or a Pilgrimage through the Wilderness to the Holy Land, with illustrations, by Benjamin Bausman, $1.25. Just published, and for sale by
feb 14 JOHN H. PARROTT.

NEW VIRGINIA BOOKS.—Plantation and Farm Instruction, Regulation, Record, Inventory, and Account Book, for the use of Managers of Estates, and for the better ordering and management of Plantation and Farm Business in many particulars, price $1.50. Also, the Cotton Plantation and Farm Book, price $2.
On Infantry Camp Duty, Field Fortification, and Coast Defence, prepared and arranged by L. V. B., price 50 cts.
Just published by J. W. Randolph, Richmond, and for sale by
jan 11 ROBERT BELL.

ANOTHER BOOK FOR THE TIMES!—*Cavalry Tactics,* in three Parts—Part I, School of the Trooper, of the Platoon, and of the Squadron, Dismounted. Part II., School of the Trooper, of the Platoon, and of the Squadron, Mounted. Part III., Evolutions of a Regiment. A new and revised edition, in three volumes, published by order of the War Department, price $3.50. Also, a further supply of Gilham's New Tactics, Scott's Infantry Tactics, and Hardee's Infantry Tactics, just received, and for sale by
jan 18 ROBERT BELL.

NEW MUSIC BOOKS.—New and Improved Method for the Guitar, by M. Carcassi, price $2.50.
Winner's Singing Method, containing Rudiments of Music, with the Scales, in various keys, for the Bass and Treble Voices, Exercises, &c., a large selection of New and Popular Ballads, arranged for a single voice, with the Syllables underlined; selected, compiled, and arranged by Lep. Winner, price 50 cts. Just published, and for sale by [jan 30] ROBERT BELL.

VALENTINES! VALENTINES!!—I have received my supply of SENTIMENTAL VALENTINES for the approaching season, which are very handsome and very cheap, suitable to the retail trade. My $5 lots, neatly put up in a box, contain a very pretty assortment for retail purposes. Orders from the country, specifying the price of Valentines needed, will be promptly attended to.
No Valentines sent on sale.
jan 22 ROBERT BELL.

CHINA AND JAPAN, being a Narrative of the Cruize of the U. S. Steam frigate Powhatan, in the years 1857, '58, '59, and '60, including an account of the Japanese Embassy to the United States, illustrated with Life Portraits of the Embassadors, and their principal officials, by Lt. James D. Johnston, U. S. N., late Executive officer of the Powhatan, price $1 50.
Just published and for sale by
jan 9 ROBERT BELL.

BUSK'S NEW WORK ON THE RIFLE.—The Rifle and how to use it, comprising a description of that valuable Weapon in all its varieties, and an account of its origin, by Hans Busk, M. A., 1st Lieutenant Victoria Rifles, &c., author of Rifle Volunteers, and how to drill them, &c., &c., new edition, enlarged and improved. Price $1. Just published.
dec 11 ROBERT BELL, 61 King-st,

A NEW MEDICAL WORK.—*Hodge on Women.*—On Diseases peculiar to Women, including Displacements of the Uterus, by Hugh L. Hodge, M. D., Professor of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children in the University of Pennsylvania, with original illustrations, one volume, price $3.25, just published, and for sale by [jan 31] ROBERT BELL.

VALENTINES! NOW FOR VALENTINES! Well! all I have to say is, I have them in any variety of style, price, and quantity you want.
A large discount will be made to merchants who buy to sell again. Please call and examine for yourself.
feb 1 JOHN H. PARROTT.

ENCOURAGE HOME WRITERS!—*A new Virginia Book.*—Flowers of Hope and Memory, a collection of Poems, by Cornelia J. M Jordan, a beautiful volume, printed on fine tinted paper, just published by A. Morris, Richmond, Va., price $1.50, and for sale by
feb 11 ROBERT BELL.

BRAITHWAITE'S RETROSPECT FOR 1861.—The January number of this valuable Periodical is just out; being Part 42 of the American Uniform Edition. Sent by mail, post paid, on the receipt of two dollars.
jan 29 ROBERT BELL, Agent.

NAUTICAL ALMANAC FOR 1861.—Almanac for the use of Navigators, for the American Ephemeris, and Nautical Almanac for the year 1861, published by authority of the Secretary of the Navy, price 63c. For sale by
jan 22 ROBERT BELL.

VALENTINES! VALENTINES!!—Comic and Sentimental; also, Cards, Valentine Writers, and Envelopes, for sale at prices to suit the times, at GEORGE SIGGERS' Book, Periodical, and Newspaper Store, 75 Prince street, opposite the Gazette Office. feb 12

THE NEW CODE.—*The Code of Virginia,* Second Edition, including Legislative to the year 1860, published pursuant to law, just received and for sale by
dec 22 ROBERT BELL.

THE BOOK FOR THE TIMES!—Another supply of Gilham's Military Tactics, price $2.50, just received. Sent by mail, postage paid, on the receipt of $2.75.
jan 9 ROBERT BELL.

I INVITE CITIZENS AND STRANGERS to call at my MANUFACTORY, No. 141 KING STREET, BETWEEN WASHINGTON AND ST. ASAPH STREETS, and examine my large and handsome assortment of SADDLERY GOODS, as I do not intend to be surpassed in my line of business by any other city. I have on hand, and am daily manufacturing, as fine and superior an assortment as can be found in any of the Northern cities. My stock comprises as great a variety as can be found in any other house, consisting of HARNESS of all kinds, from the fine quilt work down to the dray, cart, and plough Harness; TRUNKS of every kind, fine Sole Leather, Steel Spring Iron Frame Ladies' Trunks and Bonnet Boxes, and all other kinds, down to the common Packing Trunks; Saddles, Bridles, Martingills, Whips, &c., as fine as the finest; Buffalo and Fancy Robes, Driving Gloves, Horse Covers, Carpet Bags, Valices, &c., &c., of all kinds. Call and see for yourselves.
Thankful for the very liberal patronage heretofore extended, I solicit a continuance of the same, and pledge myself to spare no pains to give satisfaction. All goods warranted to be as represented.
oct 31—tf WM. F. PADGETT.

SAUSAGE CUTTERS, NURSERY FENDERS, GUNS, PERCUSSION CAPS, POWDER FLASKS, HORSE SHOES, STOVE POLISH, &c.—Wishing to reduce my stock, I will sell the above enumerated Goods at greatly reduced prices, to close out. Said goods are of the best quality and very desirable, and all suited to the present season.
I have on hand a large lot of Builder's Hardware, embracing Nails, Screws, Axle Pulleys, Locks, Latches, &c., that I wish to close out. Also, a good supply of Window Sash.
Now is the time to get bargains, especially for CASH, as I am determined to sell.
Call and examine my stock, at No. 88 King-st.
dec 15 JOHN T. CREIGHTON.

ALEXANDRIA SAVINGS INSTITUTION.
THE undersigned, appointed by the Directory of the Alexandria Savings Institution, to audit a statement of its affairs for the year ending the 14th instant, and to report thereon, having been allowed free access to the books and accounts of said Institution, and furnished with the actual evidences of property, report as follows:
LIABILITIES:

Due depositors	$33,456 14
Interest due depositors to 15th January, 1861	1,233 22
Stock of the Institution	4,820 00
Dividend to Stockholders, 15th January, 1861	288 69
Dividends not called for	142 13
Cr. Profit and Loss	1,281 32
	$41,221 50

ASSETS:

Bills receivable	$25,084 38
Alexandria Corporation Stock	8,700 00
Bank of Old Dominion	5,000 00
Exchange Bank of Virginia	500 00
Farmers' Bank of Virginia	100 00
Fire Insurance Stock	531 00
Orange and A. R. R. Bond	705 00
Cash in Bank	601 12
	$41,221 50

The funds, in the opinion of the Committee are safely invested.
ROBERT JAMIESON, } Examining
J. J. WHEAT, } Committee.
jan 24—1aw4w

NOTICE.—An Election will be held in the several Wards of the city, *on the first Tuesday of March next,* for the following officers:—a Mayor, sixteen members of the Common Council, (four from each Ward.) four members of the Board of Aldermen, (one from each Ward,) a Guager of Casks and Inspector of Domestic Spirits, an Inspector and Measurer of Wood and Bark, two Measurers and Inspectors of Lumber, a Superintendent of Police, a Collector of Taxes in the 2nd and 3rd Wards, a Collector of Taxes in the 1st and 4th Wards, an Attorney for the Corporation, two Assessors, a Clerk of the Market, an Auditor of Public Accounts, a City Surveyor, a Chief Engineer of the Fire Department, and a Superintendent of the Gas Works:
COMMISSIONERS OF ELECTION:
For the 1st Ward.—J. J. Wheat, Geo. W. Maxwell, and A. D. Warfield
For the 2d Ward.—Henry Mansfield, Isaac Kell, and John L. Smith.
For the 3rd Ward.—Robt. Brockett, John Ogden, and John A. Dixon.
For the 4th Ward.—John H. Brent, W. W. Harper, and Edward B. Powell.
JAMES DEMPSEY,
feb 16—dtd Clerk of Common Council.

EXCELSIOR NO. 1 PERUVIAN GUANO AND SOLUBLE PHOSPHATE,
COMMONLY known in this region as EXCELSIOR DeBURG, FULLY EQUAL TO NO 1 PERUVIAN GUANO; AND THE BEST MANUFACTURED FERTILIZER IN THE MARKET.
It is composed of *No. 1 Peruvian Guano, pure ground bones dissolved in Sulphuric Acid, and Potash and Soda,* and its materials are WARRANTED TO BE OF THE BEST QUALITY.
It has been sold in this market for several seasons past, and such has been the success of its application, that those who have used it prefer it to all other kinds,—BOTH AS A CROP GROWER AND PERMANENT IMPROVER OF THE SOIL.
PURE GROUND BONES ARE USED IN ITS COMPOSITION IN PREFERENCE TO THE CHEAPER AND LESS RELIABLE, SO CALLED, PHOSPHATIC GUANOS; and we claim that IT CONTAINS MORE SOLUBLE PHOSPHORIC ACID IN COMBINATION WITH LIME (FORMING SOLUBLE PHOSPHATE OF LIME) AND THEREFORE MORE VALUABLE TO THE FARMER, than any other article now before the public.
Price $48 per 2000 lbs.
JAMES C. NEVETT,
aug 15—eotf Sole Agent for Alexandria.

CHINA, GLASS AND EARTHENWARE,
BY THE SHIP PETREA, DIRECT FROM LIVERPOOL AND OTHER ARRIVALS, we have received our
FULL FALL SUPPLIES.
240 CRATES OF QUEENSWARE, of all grades
300 PACKAGES cut, pressed, and common GLASSWARE
8 HHDS. and other packages FRENCH PORCELAIN
24 BOXES Powhatan PIPE HEADS
7000 REED PIPE STEMS, with an assortment of FANCY GOODS
Ivory handled and Gutta Percha handled Knives Plaited and Britannia frame Castors, with cut or moulded bottles.
With our usual assortment of STAPLE GOODS, always on hand, we flatter ourselves that we can supply country merchants, Hotel keepers, and private families, with as complete assortment of GOODS, in our line, as can be found in any other establishment, and at prices which favorably compare with any in the larger cities.
A full supply of WINDOW GLASS, of all sizes.
Superior polished French heavy Looking Glass PLATES, ordered to suit Piers of any dimensions.
9th mo 20 R. H. MILLER, SON & CO.

THREE SMALL AND DESIRABLE FARMS FOR SALE.—I have for sale three small tracts of land in Fairfax county, about five miles from Alexandria, lying between the Little River Turnpike and the Orange and Manassas Gap Railroads, and in the vicinity of Cloud's Mill and the Lebanon meeting house. The land is of good quality.
No. 1 contains 133 ACRES, has on it a good DWELLING HOUSE, &c., and plenty of wood.
No. 2 contains about 104 acres, and is well wooded.
Both these tracts are about equally divided by Turkey Cook Run, a never-failing stream, and are bounded partly by the Manassas road.
No. 3 contains 95 ACRES, is well watered and heavily wooded, and has a small TENEMENT upon it.
TERMS:—*One-third cash: one-third in two years;* and one-third in three years. The deferred payments to bear interest, payable half yearly, and to be secured by deed of trust. All deeds at the cost of the purchasers. R. JOHNSTON,
Attorney for Mrs. E. B. Carter.
sep 1—eotf

DEAFNESS AND NOISES IN THE HEAD.
DR. COLSTON, member of the Royal College of Surgeons of England, member of the Royal Society, and late Medical Superintendent of the West Grenada Gold Mines, Central America, still continues to apply his newly discovered and extraordinary method of treatment by which he was himself cured, after eleven years of intense suffering. Particulars for self cure sent to any address for postage. Consultations daily from 11 till 4 o'clock, free. Address 512, 12th street, Washington, D. C., where hundreds of letters from persons cured, by his diploma and testimonials may be seen. Washington, oct 11—1y

MILITARY GOODS.—I am prepared to furnish all kinds of military trapping, upon as reasonable terms as they can be bought in the United States, and ask an examination of my stock of Swords, Belts, Sashes, Epaulets, Hats, Caps, Pompons, Buttons, Belt Clasps, Silk Cords and Braids, Stripes, Knapsacks, Horse Furniture, &c. I also furnish the Virginia Regulation and other suits, and all articles required for Infantry Dragoons, Light and Heavy Artillery and Riflemen, at the shortest notice. RICHARD'S,
feb 6 110 King street.

TO THE PUBLIC.—Dr. P. A. COBB has made Milburn & Bro., Druggists of the city of Alexandria, his sole Agents for the town and county of Alexandria, to sell his superior OIL, known as the CINAKER OIL. This OIL is warranted to remove all kinds of pains, such as Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sick Headache, Strains, Sprains, Bruises, &c.; also, recommended very highly for Horses. This OIL is warranted to remove all the above pains in from 5 to 40 minutes.
DR. P. A. COBB, Lynchburg, Va.
sep 24—d1y

VIRGINIA MANUFACTURE! VIRGINIA MANUFACTURE!!—I have just received about ten tons of VIRGINIA MADE IRON, of best quality, embracing all the sizes, including Plough Plates, Land Sides, and Coulter Moulds. In order to close it out for the parties to whom it belongs, I will sell it at less than the regular rates. [feb 2] GEO. T. BALDWIN.

FRENCH WINDOW GLASS.—300 boxes French Plate Window Glass, 8×10, just received. ALL SIZES furnished at short notice.
10 mo 26 R. H. MILLER, SON & CO.

MISCELLANEOUS READING.

LADIES' DRESSES IN MUDDY WEATHER.—It is an unpleasant sight to see the ladies in the streets, on rainy days, allow their dresses to trail in the mud. This is unpardonable. There is no impropriety in raising the skirts high enough to keep them out of the dirt, there is a very unladylike prudery in refusing to raise them slightly when cleanliness requires it. It is not necessary, however, for any lady to hold her dress with her hands, to keep it out of the mud. The English woman, says the European writer, understand these things better than we, go out walking in rain and mud, wearing long dresses and, without taking their hands from their muffs, come home with the clothing as cleanly as when they started out. How do they do it? They wear skirts that do not reach lower than the ankle; short enough in fact, to keep clear of the mud without any lifting.—The dress is worn long, but is looped up when the lady is in the street. The loops are a late invention, and are now the fashion in Great Britain. A woman who should go out in muddy weather without them would be considered a prude. They are made thus:
There is a belt of black ribbon three-quarters of an inch wide and long enough to go around the lady's waist, with a hook at one end and an eye at the other, as a fastening; a piece of the same kind of ribbon, three yards long, is attached to the end and the middle of the belt. The belt is now put on with the hook and eye in front; and hanging down on each side is a loop of black ribbon, three quarters of a yard long. When the lady is about to go out, she puts on her belt, and puts a part of the lower portion of her dress through each loop, which is thus raised into four festoons, and all of it is above the lower edge of the petticoat. She then walks out with her hands free, her dress clean, and her conscience at ease; and if she wishes to enter a house, she can take her dress out of the loops in an instant. The looped dress is not only clean but graceful, and it shows a white petticoat, one of the most beautiful articles of ladies' apparel, to much advantage. In England, however, a white petticoat is not considered indispensable: on the contrary, scarlet woolen petticoats are much worn by the most fashionable people, as also are red woolen stockings. Indeed, the white cotton stockings are the exception, and not the rule for London wear in winter. Wool is ordinarily worn, sometimes scarlet, or scarlet with black stripes, or plaid with a variety of colors. And then, the shoes are not of thin cloth with paper soles, but Balmoral boots, with heavy uppers and thick soles, lacing up in front, as if they were made for beings of flesh and blood bred on roast beef, and good for real service, hard work, sturdy health and long life.—Our American women are too much in the habit of following bad fashions, and neglecting good ones. If they will just adopt the healthful practises, as well as the expensive luxuries, of European aristocracy, it will be far better, as well as more creditable to them. We are glad to see, however, that a correct taste is being exercised by our ladies. They study health and comfort more than the fashions, and we may expect to see them as rosy-cheeked and robust as any of our English cousins.—*Home Journal.*

ELIZABETH AND THE QUEEN OF SCOTS.—We take the following from the forthcoming volumes of Mr. Motley's new work, "The United Netherlands." * * *
Yet, although a display of sublime virtue, such as the world has rarely seen, was not to be expected, it was reasonable to look for honest and royal dealing, from a great sovereign, brought at last face to face with a great event. The "great cause" demanded a great, straightforward blow. It was obvious, however, that it would be difficult, in the midst of the tragedy and the comedy, for the Netherland business to come fairly before her Majesty. "Touching the Law Country causes," said Leicester, "very little is done yet, by reason of the continued business we have had about the Queen of Scots' matters. All the speech I have had with her Majesty hitherto touching those causes hath been but private." Walsingham, longing for retirement, not only on account of "his infinite grief for the death of Sir Philip Sidney, which hath been the cause," he said, "that I have ever since betaken myself into solitariness, and withdrawn from public affairs," but also by reason of the perverseness and difficulty manifested in the gravest affairs by the sovereign he so faithfully served, sent information, that, notwithstanding the arrival of some of the States' deputies, Leicester was persuading her Majesty to proceed first in the great cause. "Certain principal persons, chosen as committees," he said, "of both Houses are sent as humble suitors to her Majesty to desire that she would be pleased to give order for the execution of the Scottish Queen. Her Majesty made answer that she was loath to proceed in so violent a course against the said Queen as the taking away of her life, and therefore prayed them to think of some other way which might be for her own and their safety. They replied, no other way but her execution. Her Majesty, though she yielded no answer to this their latter reply, is contented to give order that the proclamation be published, and so also it is hoped that she will be moved by this their earnest instance to proceed to the thorough ending of the cause."
And so the cause went slowly on to its thorough ending. And when "no other way" could be thought of but to take Mary's life, and when "no other way" of taking that life could be "devised," at Elizabeth's suggestion, except by public execution, when none of the gentlemen "of the association," nor Paulet, nor Drury—how skillfully soever their "pulses had been felt" by Elizabeth's command—would commit assassination to serve a Queen who was capable of punishing them afterwards for the murder, the great cause came to its inevitable conclusion, and Mary Stuart was executed by command of Elizabeth Tudor. The world may continue to differ as to the necessity of the execution, but it has long since pronounced a unanimous virdict as to the respective display of royal dignity by the two Queens upon that great occasion.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.—The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.
To all who desire it he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge,) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.
Parties wishing the prescription will please address REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburgh, Kings County, New York.
New York, oct 15—wly

150 BBLS. OF VIRGINIA RYE WHISKEY, Copper distilled, and warranted pure, for sale by
dec 21 HUNTON & RIDGELY,

Courtesy of the AMERICAN ANTIQUARIAN SOCIETY

ALEXANDRIA:

TUESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 19, 1861.

CONGRESS.—The Senate, yesterday, agreed to the report of several conference committees, and further discussed the Tariff. The House of Representatives passed a bill organizing the Territory of Colorado, an amendment authorizing the issue of fifty dollar Coupon Treasury Notes, and carried up to its engrossment a bill authorizing the President of the United States to accept the services of volunteers to suppress insurrection or repel invasion.

VIRGINIA CONVENTION.—The Commissioners from Mississippi and Georgia addressed the Convention yesterday.

VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE.—A synopsis of the business transacted by the Legislature on Saturday was given under our telegraphic head yesterday, but as the subjects under consideration are of importance we give this morning a more detailed account.

The Northern papers and the Northern people will bear in mind that there is not a Conservative journal in Virginia which has misled them, or failed to tell them exactly what was the purport and design of the vote of the people of the State at the late election. We have over and over again assured the Northern people that a restoration of the Union, the preservation of peace, and future national prosperity, depend now upon *them*—upon their doing justice, and affording guarantees for future security. It is their duty, as it should be their pride, after what Virginia has done, to act in the most patriotic spirit, and to adopt measures which will be *satisfactory* to Virginia, North Carolina, Kentucky, Tennessee and Missouri. Upon that all depends. "If they fail to be equal to the emergency," or are "derelict in their duty," upon them will be the responcibility of the greatest calamity that has befallen Liberty, and Representative Republican government, since the world began!

Every effort now made by the best, and purest, and *bravest* patriots in the land, to settle the present difficulties, and re-construct the Union, is stigmatized in some quarters "as another submission subterfuge." Such language excites no other feeling than sorrow and regret at the feeling which can dictate it, or the disposition that can induce its utterance. We shall see, some of these days, as the venerable Thomas Ritchie used to say, "what we shall see." And, it may be, that some of the present valiant *talkers* will not then be those most relied on to act.

Mr. Lincoln is still on the move, making wayside speeches, solemnly assuring his admirers that there is "nothing going wrong that really hurts anybody," and that the crisis is merely an "artificial" one. Mr. Lincoln at the North asserting that there is "nothing going wrong," and Mr. Davis, at the South, talking about "irrevocable and final dissolution," show the actual danger of the country.

Mr. Madill, editor of the Chicago Tribune, "highly incensed" at the "recent conservative" and "anti-Republican" speech of Mr. Kellogg, in the House of Representatives, came into collision with the latter gentleman in Washington last week. Result:—Madill knocked down and chastised severely by Kellogg.

It is *said* that "Mr. Lincoln has not yet *realized* the actual condition of the country." Then, he is more *obtuse* than we had thought. Not to have a "realizing sense" of the present state of affairs—not to be concerned deeply, argues a mind, apart from other considerations, strangely constituted. "My soul, come not thou into its counsels."

The Canada judiciary has rendered a final decision in the case of the fugitive slave Anderson. The Court sustained the decision of the Court of Queen's Bench on the question of law, and was unanimous in discharging the prisoner on a technicality in the commitment. Anderson was therefore set at liberty.

Some of the "Immediate Precipitation" journals call Virginia, "poor, old Virginia." We gladly hail her as Proud, Noble, Glorious Old Virginia! worthy of her ancient renown! Whatever course she may resolve on, will, we doubt not, be dictated by patriotism and a sense of duty.

B. B. French, esq., has been appointed by the "Republican Association" of Washington, chief Marshal of their "Inauguration procession." An "inauguration ball" is, also, to be held. There is a "time to dance," —but the 4th of March will *not* be that time.

A fire occurred in Hanover street, Baltimore, on Sunday, at a grocery store. A canister of gunpowder exploded, and several persons were seriously injured.

The Secessionists of Lynchburg fired a salute yesterday, "in honor of the inauguration of Jefferson Davis as President of the Southern Confederacy."

The "informal" Maryland State Convention was to have been held yesterday in Baltimore.

L. Scott & Co., New York, have republished the January number of the Edinburgh Review. It contains able articles on Church Expansion, Japan, the Victoria Bridge, Political Ballads, Ocean Telegraphs, Dr. Carlyle's Memoirs, Motley's Netherlands, Alps and Glaciers, Italy, and Naval Organization. The subjects, it will be seen, are all interesting. Received by Robt. Bell, agent for the Reprints of the British Periodicals.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

"To show the very age and body of the TIMES."

Several parties in Alabama, and the Hon. Mark A. Cooper, of Georgia, have memorialized the Montgomery Convention upon the subject of erecting a national armory for the manufacture of arms for the new Confederacy. The latter gentleman, who is the enterprising proprietor of the extensive Etowah Iron Works, on the river of that name, says in his communication that the new Government must, in the shortest time, put up an armory to cost $500,000, or must contract for the purchase of $1,000,000 worth of fire arms, and offers to undertake either of these "jobs."

It is mentioned as proof of the "brilliant financiering now going on, that what is left of Congress is passing Pacific Railroad bills, to cost one hundred and twenty millions of dollars—and proposing to build seven steam sloops-of-war, to cost twelve hundred thousand dollars, at a time when the Secretary of the Treasury says there is not money enough in the Federal Exchequer to pay off current liabilities even, to say nothing of the Revolution which is rending the Union asunder.

George M. Hiss, Treasurer of the Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Baltimore county, has absconded, taking away with him $9,000 of stock or bonds of Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, and $1,000 in money. The stability and permanency of the company will not be affected by the defalcation. It is said that his private debts are also quite large. He leaves a wife and four children, who reside near Govanstown.

Friday and Saturday it is said were two of the most calamitous days ever known in the commercial history of New York. It is said that not less than ninety firms were forced to succumb to the pressure, and among them many heretofore deemed opulent—such houses as Freeland Squires, & Co., which has been in existence for a quarter of a century. Scores of other houses are toppling.

In New Orleans, one day last week, two cotton factors clerks, engaged in the same establishment, became involved in a difficulty upon a point of veracity, when one of them, named Thomas Uhlhorn, attempted to cowhide the other, named Eugene H. Levy.—The latter after receiving one or two cuts, drew his pistol and shot his assailant dead.

About ninety speeches have been delivered in the House on the crisis, nearly two-thirds of them by Republicans. There are still on hand at least enough to make an even hundred. For the greater part, they were carefully written out in advance of their delivery and many of them read to empty benches during the formality of the night sessions.

In Montreal the skating pond is roofed over, so as to prevent its being covered with snow. It is lighted at night, and the band of the Canadian Rifles generally attends.—The ladies frequent it, wearing short dresses, looped up so as to be out of the way, and Turkish Trowsers.

P. Dexton Tiffany, esq., a wealthy lawyer of St. Louis, whose family (a wife and six children) are at present in Worcester, Mass., cut his throat on the 14th instant. He was reported to be worth half a million, and the cause of the rash deed cannot be accounted for.

At New Orleans on Thursday week, the residence of A. Tamboury was robbed of silverware and other articles valued at $4,000. Not a particle of the clothing of the family, save what they had on their backs, was left behind.

The Common Council of Boston, on Thursday last passed, in concurrence, the resolution of the Aldermen inviting Senator Crittenden to visit Boston after the adjournment of Congress.

The statement that the Harriet Lane is to be converted into a war vessel is not authentic. The only order issued is, to take the vessel to the Navy Yard to be overhauled.

The wife of Gov. Pickens, of South Carolina, is a native of Virginia. Her maiden name was Lucy Holcombe, and she was born in Lynchburg.

A letter dated at Charleston, 13th instant, says: "The Typographical Union here has dissolved its connection with the national body.

The following States hold elections during the coming summer: Virginia, in May; Kentucky, Tennessee and North Carolina in August.

Mr. Lincoln spent Sunday at Buffalo, New York, attending church with ex-President Fillmore, and also dining with him.

The treasury is so low that the clerks in Washington may not be paid off at the end of the month.

Radishes, dandelions and fresh shad have made their appearance in the Boston market.

The Pacific railway bill, with its three routes to the Pacific, will probably be swamped.

Dr. F. E. Laroque, a dentist of celebrity, a native of St. Domingo, and well known to many, died in Baltimore on Friday last.

FOREIGN MISCELLANY.

The Italian Parliament, it is expected, will proclaim Victor Emmanuel King of Italy immediately after assembling. The Spanish Infanta has relinquished all pretensions to the crown. The revolutionary movement in the Papal States is spreading. Affairs continue unsettled at Naples, a popular demonstration occurred on the 29th ult., during which the presses of two newspapers were destroyed.

The savans of Europe are puzzling themselves about several showers of rain of a reddish hue, at Siena, in Tuscany, three of which occurred on the 28th of December last, and others on the 31st of the same month and the 1st of January. The fall of this rain was confined to a limited portion of the town, and fell every time in the same locality. Its color was at no time deeper than weak wine and water.

Letters from Dresden represent the winter in Germany as one of unusual severity. For several days in Dresden the thermometer had been from ten to nineteen degrees below zero. The Elbe is frozen over, and the ladies have their curls covered with hoar frost, while the men's whiskers freeze.

For some time past it has been found that there was great advantages in floating the magnetic index card of a ship's compass on a liquid, instead of supporting it on a pivot. It has now been proposed by M. Santi, a manufacturer at Marseilles, to employ glycerine for this purpose. This succeeds admirably.

The English papers state that the suffering of the weaving population of Coventry is one of the most severe kind. It is said that not one in fifty of the people have had any work for the last four months, thus throwing them entirely on charity.

The Abbe Migne announces the termination of his "Library of the Fathers." The work consists of 326 quarto volumes, in double columns, and 12 volumes of indices are in the press.

Mr. Author Kinlock is translating from the Italian "Napoleon Bonaparte the First," from the pen of his brother, Louis Napoleon, ex-King of Holland.

The National Crisis.

The Peace Congress was engaged throughout the day on Saturday in the discussion of the plan of compromise reported by the Bussiness Committee, and adjourned to Monday morning without coming to any vote. The discussion will probably continue for several days. The friends of the Union are endeavoring to put it in such a shape as will secure it a two-third vote of Congress, or failing in this, will apply to Congress to call a National Convention for the amendment of the Constitution. Except three or four delegates from Virginia, it is understood that the Guthrie plan, as modified by the conference committee, is not particularly objectionable to Southern delegates.

It is understood that President Buchanan will veto any measure that may be passed by Congress having for its object the coercion of the South, but it is evident from the course of his Administration, since the reorganization of the Cabinet, that he does not view the protection of the Forts and the energetic resistance of any attempt to seize them as coercion. He does not, however, include in these measures the bill for the construction of seven steam sloops of war.

Hon. George M. Dallas, American Minister at the Court of St. James, writes very eloquent letters to his friends on this side of the Atlantic, deploring the present condition of political affairs in the United States, and expressive of the disgrace which the madness of a portion of our people, and the pitiable attitude of the Government, has reflected upon the American name. Public men of England in high station condole with him upon the state of his country, and this intended kindness he feels to be a reproach and humiliation.

The special agent, Mr. Jones, despatched by Secretary Dix to New Orleans, has satisfied himself that the revenue cutter Robert McClelland was surrendered to the authorities of Louisiana through complicity between Collector Hatch and Captain Brushwood before the passage of the Ordinance of Secession.

C. M. Furman, esq., President of the Bank of the State of South Carolina, officially announces the readiness of that institution to issue, in compliance with an act of the late Legislature, bonds to the amount of $675,000, bearing an interest of seven per cent: They are issued in sums of $50, $100, and $500, and those takng them may, it is intimated, have them converted into stock by the next Legislature. The funds thus to be raised are intended to sustain the State in her present sovereign attitude.

The recruiting service for the army of Georgia is being prosecuted with much vigor throughout that State. The first recruit obtained was Mr. John C. Taylor, late of Virginia; a graduate of the Norfolk Military Academy, and for several years captain of a merchant vessel in the Southern trade. The term of service is five years, and each recruit receives from $11 to $25 per month, with clothing, fuel, quarters and subsistence.

Lieut. Stribling, late of the United States Navy, has resigned his post, and accepted a position in the military service of South Carolina.

Gov. Brown, of Georgia, has again addressed Governor Morgan, of New York, on the subject of the recent seizures of arms by the police of that city. Governor Brown hopes that Governor Morgan will now find no excuse for not replying on account of the unofficial character of the document. The letter is said to be very bitter in its tone.

The steamer Daniel Webster sailed from New York on Saturday, with 900 bbls. of beef and pork and other provisions, and 92 U. S. soldiers for the Florida and Texas coasts. The soldiers are in charge of Capt. Dawson, who is accompanied by Captain Smith, of the topographical corps of engineers, and Major Porter, assistant adjutant-general. The men are assigned to different artillery companies, and the majority of them will be landed, with the supplies, at Key West, Tortugas and Indianola, Florida; and a small part of them will be sent to Brazos, Texas.

The Savannah Republican strongly urges an extension of the terms of officer-holders under the new Confederacy. It recommends that the President be elected for eight or ten years, with a provision for his final official retirement on a pension at the expiration of his term.

The belief that there will be no attack on Fort Sumter or Fort Pickens does not prevail at Charleston or Pensacola. The correspondence from the latter point confirms the announcement that several vessels of war were off the port.

The Florida Legislature has adjourned.—The issue of Treasury notes to the amount of $500,000 was authorized, and (the usual accompaniment) a stay law passed. The State Convention is to be re-assembled.

It is estimated that of the four hundred and forty Southern officers still in the army, fully four hundred will remain in the service, let what will take place.

The work of fortifying Charleston harbor is being pressed with great vigor and skill. The chief of the Engineer corps of that State, at the instance of the Governor and Executive Council, advertises in the Charleston papers of Friday for several hundred laborers to construct new defences in that habor.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

We learn from the Parkersburg papers that during the past week there have been consummated at Burning Spring, Va., two extensive sales of oil lands—one embracing a portion of the Burning Spring property, and the other a portion of the farm immediately opposite, on the south bank of the Little Kanawha.

Pneumonia among horses has made its appearance in Hardy county. Benjamin S. McNeill has lost four valuable horses by this disease. It is said to be contagious.

The ship Avon cleared from City Point, Va., on Tuesday, with upwards of 1,000 bales of cotton for Liverpool, shipped by Petersburg merchants.

Dr. A. R. Smith, has been elected President of the Bank of Virginia, at Norfolk, in the place of J. C. Hatton, deceased.

The depot of the Virginia and Tennessee railroad, at Marion, Va., was destroyed by fire on the 8th inst. It was fully insured.

A religious revival is prevailing in the Lutheran church at Shepherdstown, Va., under charge of the Rev. J. I. Miller.

Rev. Samuel Evans, of the Virginia Conference of "United Brethren in Christ," died in Rockingham County, Va., on the 31st ult.

FORTRESS SUMTER.—The following significant paragraph appears in the advertising columns of the Charleston Mercury of Friday. The name attached to it is that of the President of the South Carolina College, and who, about the time that the Brooklyn was first rumored to be preparing for a visit to Charleston, published a pamphlet imploring the authorities and citizens of that city not to oppose her entrance to the harbor, and avoid thus the responsibility of initiating civil war:

"The time is approaching when Fort Sumter will probably be attacked. Let the assailants remember that the garrison are, in the main, poor hirelings, bound to obey the orders of their superiors, and, doubtless, not disposed to fight if they could avoid. That they are not responsible for the acts of the President, or of the United States, and that not one of them should be put to death, but as a necessary measure to secure the fort to South Carolina. Let not one be killed after the fort is surrendered; let as little blood be shed as possible. A. B. LONGSTREET."

The election for the State Convention in Missouri took place yesterday.

The Southern Confederacy.

President Davis at Montgomery—A War-like Speech.

MONTGOMERY, Feb. 16.—President Davis arrived to-night, and was handsomely received with firing of cannon and a display of flags. An escort, military and civic, with music, etc., was also a part of the demonstration.

The trip of President Davis from Mississippi to Montgomery was a continuous ovation. He made some twenty-five speeches on the route, returning his thanks for the complimentary greeting.

Crowds of ladies and gentlemen, and military parades with salutes of cannon, hailed his arrival at the various depots. Committees from Congress and the Montgomery authorities met Mr. Davis about 80 miles from the city, and formally received him. Two fine companies from Columbus, Georgia, joined the escort at Opelika, and all reached here at 10 o'clock P. M.

A salute of cannon announced the arrival of the train bearing the party, and the President's appearance was greeted with shouts by the large crowd assembled.

Mr. Davis returned his thanks at the depot, and said he felt proud to receive the congratulations and hospitalities of the people of Alabama. He briefly reviewed the present position of the South, and said the time for compromises had passed. We are now determined to maintain our position, and we will make all who oppose us smell Southern powder and feel Southern steel.—If coercion is persisted in, he had no doubt of the result. We will maintain our rights and our Government at all hazards. We ask nothing and want nothing—we will have no complications. If other States join our Confederation, they can freely come in on our terms. Our separation from the old Union is complete. No compromise, no reconstruction, can now be entertained.

A large crowd awaited Mr. Davis at the Exchange Hotel. The ladies were equally enthusiastic with the gentlemen.

About a quarter before eleven o'clock, in response to the enthusiastic calls, Mr. Davis appeared at the balcony, and said as follows:

Fellow-citizens and brethren of the confederated States of America—we are now brethren, not in name merely but in fact—we are men of one flesh and one bone—with one interest, and one purpose—and one identity of domestic institutions. We have henceforth, I trust, the prospect of living together in peace, with our institutions subject to protection but not defamation. It may be that our career will be ushered in in the midst of storms. It may be that, as this morning opened with clouds, mist and rain, we shall have to encounter inconveniences at the beginning; but, as the sun rose, it lifted the mists and dispersed the clouds, and left us the pure sunlight of Heaven; so will the progress of our Southern Confederacy carry us safe o'er the sea and safe into the harbor of constitutional liberty and political equality. [Applause.]

Thus we shall have nothing to fear at home, because at home we have a homogeneity of sentiment. We have nothing to fear from abroad, because, if war should come, if we must again baptize with blood the principles for which our fathers bled in the Revolution, we shall show we are not degenerate sons, but will redeem the pledges they gave to preserve sacred the rights transmitted to us, and show that Southern valor still shines as brightly as in seventeen hundred and seventy-six, in eighteen hundred and twelve, and every other conflict. [Applause.]

I was informed by my friends that your kindness only required that I should appear before you. Fatigued by travel and hoarse, I am unable to speak at any length, and come merely to assure you of my gratitude for these manifestations of your good will.—I approach with diffidence and distrust the discharge of the great duties devolved upon me by the kindness and confidence of the Congress of the Confederated States.

I thank you, friends, for the kind manifestation of favor and approbation you exhibit on this occasion. Throughout my entire progress to this city I have received the same flattering demonstrations of generous support. I did not regard them as personal to myself, but tendered me as the humble representative of the principles and policy of the Confederated States.

I will devote to the duties of the high office to which I have been called all I have of heart and of head and of hand. If, in the progress of events, it shall become necessary, and my services be needed in another position—if, to be plain, necessity shall require that I shall again enter the ranks of the soldier, I hope you will welcome me there.—[Applause.]

Now, friends, again thanking you for this manifestation of your approbation, allow me to bid you good night.

He then retired amid the most enthusiastic demonstrations of applause.

SCENE IN THE ALABAMA LEGISLATURE.—An interesting incident transpired in the lower House of the Alabama Legislature on February 2d. Mr. Clitherall in the course of his remarks denouncing the Stay law just passed by the Legislature, took occasion to say that had he supposed such a measure would become a law, he should have preferred to live for four years under Mr. Lincoln's rule. This elicited a hiss from some member, and Mr. Clitherall retorted by observing that if the gentleman who hissed would show himself, he would put his mouth in such a condition that he would not repeat the operation for a week to come. Thereupon, Mr. George G. Henry, of Mobile, arose from his seat, and stated that he was the sibilant individual, and that he held himself responsible for the method in which he had disapproved of Mr. Clitherall's remark. The next moment he was dodging an inkstand which that gentleman launched at his head. As the combatants were about coming to close quarters, the bystanders separated them.

"THE PROGRESS."—The President elect and party left Cleveland, Ohio, yesterday morning for Buffalo. The party augments as it progresses. At the various stations along the route the people turned out in large numbers to greet the future dispenser of public patronage and honors. The incidents along the route were both serious and amusing. At Erie the roof of a building, which was covered with spectators, fell in, but fortunately no person was injured. At another stopping place a young girl who had, during the Presidential canvass, written to Mr. Lincoln, advising him to allow his whiskers grow, came forward and kissed the president elect. At Buffalo the crowd was so numerous and so turbulent as to endanger the lives of the party, and Major Hunter, of Mr. Lincoln's suite, had his arm dislocated. Mr. Lincoln made a speech at Buffalo, in which he referred to the troubles of the country in pretty much the same terms as on previous occasions.—*N. Y. Herald.*

President Davis is engaged in the construction of his Cabinet, which, it is reported, will consist of the following persons.

Secretary of State...	Herschel V. Johnson, Ga.
Secretary of War....	P. O. Hider, Louisiana.
Secretary of Navy...	S. R. Mallory, Florida.
Secretary of Interior	W. Porcher Miles, S. C.
Post O. Department	J. H. Hemphill, Texas.
Attorney General ...	John A. Elmore, Alabama.

Messrs. Slidell and Toombs will probably be sent as Ambassadors to France and England respectively.

Capt. Geo. T. Andrews, of the South Carolina Infantry, is in Memphis with a view of procuring recruits for the army of that State. Single men of good habits are required.

OUR RICHMOND LETTER.

THE STATE CONVENTION, &c., &c.

RICHMOND, Feb. 18.—In the Convention on Saturday, Mr. Stuart, of Augusta, made a personal explanation. He alluded to the letter from Messrs. Imboden and Harman, read Friday by Mr. Wise, and said he had since read it himself. The writers fell into the error, he thought, quite naturally of supposing that he said he had positive information that there was a movement on foot to place Mr. Wise in the Gubernatorial chair. The information of which he spoke alluded solely to the fact that he (Mr. Wise) had been telegraphed to. When they expressed their disbelief, he stated that he had information which he was satisfied was true, but that was in reference to the telegram, and not to the conspiracy or plot. He had no intention to intimate that the gentleman did not write what they believed to be correct, and could now readily understand how they fell into the error. All he knew of the plot was from current rumor. He was sitting in the room of the gentleman from Henrico, when another gentleman came in and mentioned the fact that he had seen a telegram, bearing several signatures, designed to be sent to Mr. Wise, in these words:—"Your friends think your services are needed here. Come on." This was the information he received, and he now appealed to the gentleman from Henrico to say if he was correct.

Mr. Wickham said the statement accorded exactly with his recollection. Justice required him to say further that he had been intimately associated with Mr. Stuart the whole winter, and that neither received information that was not mentioned to the other; and he (Mr. W.) never heard of the matter till he heard it mentioned in the Senate.

Mr. Stuart said that he had risen merely to do an act of justice to himself and those who were absent. He had never designed to impute unworthy motives to any one in connection with the matter.

The President announced the Committee on Elections as follows: Messrs. Haymond of Marion, Goggin of Bedford, Brown of Preston, Chambliss of Greensville and Sussex, Caperton of Monroe, Ambler of Louisa, Gray of Rockbridge, Hunton of Prince William, Campbell of Washington, Tredway of Pittsylvania, Hall of Lancaster, Sheffey of Smythe, and Patrick of Kanawha.

The following is the resolution offered by Mr. J. Q. Marr, of Fauquier, which with those offered by Messrs. Morton, Carlile, Leake, Richardson and Flournoy, (see yesterday's Gazette,) was referred to the Committee on Federal Relations:

Resolved, That Virginia cherishes a devoted attachment to the Union, of these States under the Constitution framed by the wise and patriotic men of the past—that she will use every honorable effort and make any sacrifice, consistent with her honor and interest, to restore and maintain it: but that it is proper to declare through the Convention now assembled her opposition to the coercion, under existing circumstances of any slave State, and an unalterable determination not to submit to any administration of the Government in which her rights are assailed or not fully protected: and if the Union cannot be restored and preserved upon terms honorable to its component parts, it shall be divided.

Hon. Jeremiah Morton offered a series of resolutions and avocated their adoption. He expressed an ardent devotion to the Union, but if the efforts being made to secure our rights in the Union shall fail, Virginia had no alternative but to leave her enemies and oppressors and unite with her friends.

Mr. Moore, of Rockbridge, was opposed to the resolutions, particularly since he thought they proposed to hand us over, bound hand and foot, to the Cotton States. He did not mean to unite with them until he knew the terms. The Legislature had already said what it had no right to say, and there was a power among the people yet to be heard. He had no idea of being hurried into any action.

Mr. Wise thought this Convention, created by the Legislature, had no power at all, for its acts were not final. The Peace Conference, too, created by the same body, will have no other effect than to delay matters. He was one of the people, and would have his own way. Gentlemen might cry "peace," but he would fight till he died. He alluded to the wrongs perpetrated by the free States. Was Virginia to submit to these wrongs? If she is compelled to retire, and can't decide who to go with, let her erect an independent sovereignty and stand alone. Was it not likely that slave property would be more secure by uniting with the South than with the North? He intimated there were other than slave feelings in this matter. He was willing to sacrifice everything, except honor, to save the country: but he would not crouch to the Black Republican power now ruling at Washington. Gentlemen say wait, one, two or three years, and perhaps we will be relieved certainly—we would be relieved of our slave property. If the Union was to be dissevered, those who had broken the covenant should leave it—he would not; he would fight fist. If we stay here, the question will be shall we submit to the oppressor with whom we are confederated now. He would say to those who would commit us to war social, war civil, and war servile, that they should not commit him without a fight. He implored Virginians not to wrangle among themselves. A submission to the oppressors would drive away many of our best citizens, and the result would be cheap lands and a new population. Mr. Wise went on to allude to the mineral treasures of Virginia, and asked if it was the policy to get rid of the negroes, and abolitionize the State, by introducing Northern operatives to develop the mines.—He then expressed his belief, that one object of the party now concentrating armies to coerce us, was to confederate with Canada, and thus cement an alliance between England and the North. In alluding to the State Governments beyond our border, countenancing hostile aggressions upon our property, he asked if any Union could be found more oppressive than this? This was a question to be gravely considered. It required solemn consideration and decisive action. Has the gentleman (Mr. Moore) not already decided which side he will take?—He inferred that the gentleman from Rockbridge would go North.

Mr. Moore.—You have no authority to say where I will go.

Mr. Wise said he stated it as an inference from his remarks. He could correct him if he was wrong. He supposed from his knowledge of the gentleman that he had decided to go one way or the other. But let us suppose he has his destiny with the North. He would tell him that his (Mr. W's) destiny was with the South. If this is to be the case, let us know it, and let us make the separation peaceful. If one marches North and the other South, let us hope it will not be in serried ranks of hostile armies. He would not wish to meet the gentleman thus: not that he was afraid of any man, but there was one thing that would make him tremble like a woman, and that was the prospect of meeting a brother Virginian in the hostile conflict of civil war. He (Mr. W.) could not aim at his heart, but would risk his life to disarm him There is a power driving us from the Union. The seceded States are not *dragging* us out but the Black Republicans are *driving* us out. He would stand by the side of the gentleman from Rockbridge and help to drive *them* out.

Mr. Moore.—Agreed,

Mr. Wise.—Will he assist in driving out those who are now testing powder at Fortress Monroe to shoot down our own people? Will he assist in driving out from Gosport Navy Yard the army which will be stationed there to stray over into Princess Anne and rob henroosts for provisions? [Laughter.] It was best to come to an understanding. He implored the gentleman as a Union man not to aid in driving him out of the Union. His people would expect him to submit to no state of things that was dishonorable. If those resolutions would not keep the peace, he saw no means of preventing war, though they did not go half far enough for him. He thought the best way to preserve the peace was to be prepared for war; to let the enemies of the Constitution and of the Union know that we will fight, and will resist, and that Virginia will take the responsibility of keeping the peace. Thus, he believed, could the Union be restored and preserved in its integrity.

Mr. Moore wished to notice one or two points in the gentleman's remarks. He was not aware that he or the people of Virginia had any master but the God in Heaven.—He meant to submit to neither the North or the South, but was determinated to mantain the rights of Virginia. As to where we should go, he meant to wait till he found out whether it was before or after the fourth of March.

Mr. Wise.—too late.

Mr. Moore did not mean to be hurried.—The North may have the purse and the sword, but the purse has nothing in it. [Laughter.] He meant to wait and see what could be accomplished by the Peace Conference. He was opposed to running away at the bidding of the Yankee States, as well as being dragged out by the Cotton States. The policy of re-opening the African slave trade, and of free trade and direct taxation, would be ruinous to Virginia. Gentlemen had misapprehended the course that the Conservatives mean to take in this Convention. He would go as far to resist coercion as any other man; but if the States that have seceded, without consulting Virginia, choose to assault the forts, let them take the consequences.

Mr. Carlile said he had heard much about coercion. Now, the President of the United States had expressly denied the right of coercion. The only instance in which he had heard it claimed was by a member of the Alabama Convention—a man of national reputation—who said if the people did not yield they should be coerced into secession. He would say for his own people, that it fell harshly upon their ears to hear from a brother Virginian that they would submit to anything that was wrong or dishonorable. He hoped gentlemen would particularize when they said any portion of the people would crouch to Black Republican power. If the reflection were cast upon his people, he would hurl the charge back. But none of the acts of the National Government have ever been oppressive to the South. All acts touching slavery have been put upon the statutes by the South herself. The Missouri Compromise was put there by the South, and the Supreme Court of the United States pronounced it null and void.

Mr. Morris.—Who put the Wilmot Proviso there?

Mr. Carlile.—A Southern President signed it and a Democratic Congress passed it.—He (Mr. C.) wanted gentlemen to enlighten us, and not make wholesale charges. He had a resolution to offer, which he did not wish to have referred, but merely to get into the hands of the reporters. He moved that it be laid upon the table. The resolution is as follows:

Resolved, That since the decision of the Supreme Court of the United States in the case of Chisholm vs. the State of Georgia, and the adoption of the eleventh amendment to the Constitution, we are at a loss to understand how the impression that the Federal Government possessed the power to coerce a State could have obtained credence.

Mr. Montague rose to a point of order.—He would not sumit to this partial mode of proceedings. He protested against the right of a gentleman to introduce a resolution for buncome, and then indicate the course it shall take.

Mr. Carlile had no objection to withdrawing the resolution. He had accomplished his object.

Mr. Montague insisted that he could not withdraw it without the consent of the Convention.

Mr. Carlile then said he had no objection to its reference to the Committee on Federal Relations, and it was so referred.

OBSERVER.

The Peace Conference.

On Saturday in the Peace Conference, Mr. Baldwin, of Conn., moved to substitute his proposition for a National Convention, in lieu of Mr. Gurthrie's proposition, reported from the committee. He sustained his motion in an elaborate speech, in which he reviewed the condition of affairs and the causes which had produced them. He believed the only remedy now was a National Convention. Any other proposed remedies would fail to meet the wish of the two Houses of Congress.

Mr. Gurthie, of Ky., opposed the motion in an able speech, and supported the report of the committee of which he was chairman. He urged upon the Convention speedy action. There was no time to be lost. If the Convension really intended to adopt measures which would restore peace and good brotherhood between the States, they ought to do so at once.

Mr. Curtis, of Iowa, followed, but did not sustain either the call of a National Convention or the report of the committee. It was a disquisition upon political affairs generally and could be interpreted to mean everything or nothing, as the case might be.

The question next arose as to what the report of the committee meant respecting the Territorial question. It was contended by several—among whom was Reverday Johnson—that is not only applies to our present Territories, but to future acquisitions also; and with that view he (Mr. Johnson) should move an amendment so as to exclude territory hereafter to be required.

The debate was kept up to nearly 3 o'clock.

THE GEORGIA ARMY.—Gov. Brown has appointed the following gentlemen as officers of the army of the Republic of Georgia, now being organized. The most, it not all of them, held posts in the United States Army:

Brigadier and Brevet Major-General David E. Twiggs, to command the Brigade. Col. W. J. Hardee, late of the U. S. A., Col. of the 1st Regiment, and Col. W. H. T. Walker, late of the U. S. A., Col. of the 2d Regiment. Chas. J. Williams, esq., Lieut. Col. of the 1st Regiment, and E. W. Chastain, of Gilmer, Lieutenant-Colonel of the 2d Regiment.

Captains McLaws, W. M. Gardner, and Alfred Cumming, late of the U. S. A., as Majors of the Regiments. Capt. John Jones, present State Treasurer, Quartermaster and Commissary General, with the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel. The appointment of Captains and Lieutenants have been made from those late of the U. S. A., and civilians of the State. The army will consist of two regiments of Infantry, of 1,000 men each.

Mr. Dix expects to get his eight million loan at ninety.

KEROSENE OR COAL OIL, 95 per ct. Alcohol, and Ethereal Oil, just received, and for sale by WILLIAM A. HART,
No. 112, King-street,
Next door to the Marshall House.
Sign of the Golden Mortar. feb 19

DRUGS.—Roll Brimstone; Powdered Arsenic; Hempseed; Oil Aniseed; Strammonium Leaves; Rochelle Salts; Gentian Root, just received and for sale by JAS. ENTWISLE, Jr.,
feb 19 Apothecary, 94 King st.

FRENCH HYBRED GLADIATORS.-The most superb hardy flowery bulk of the garden, for sale by HENRY COOK & CO.,
feb 19 Sarepta Hall.

VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE.

In the Senate, on Saturday, the bill to amend an act increasing the capital stock of the Richmond and Danville Railroad Company, and for other purposes, was taken up and passed—ayes 32, noes 7.

Bills were reported amending and re-enacting the 8th section of the act passed December 17, 1794, establishing the town of Middleton, in the county of Frederick; to amend the charter of the city of Alexandria; for the relief of the Orange and Alexandria Railroad Company.

The bill for the protection of the Banks of this Commonwealth was taken up.

Mr. Armstrong offered the following amendment in lieu of the one which he had prepared on the preceding day:

"On the payment of every note, bill or draft payable at the cities of Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, or Boston, heretofore discounted by and which is now unpaid, and the property of any Bank or branch or which may be hereafter discounted by any Bank or branch, during the suspension of specie payment by it, such Bank or branch shall pay to the party for whom such paper was discounted, the excess of exchange at the time of such payment, over and above the rate between the point where such Bank or branch is located, and the point where such paper is payable, at the time such Bank or branch suspended specie payment: and on failure of such Bank or branch to pay such excess on paper hereafter discounted, the party entitled thereto may recover the same by warrant before any justice of the peace, or where the amount is over $50, by motion, on ten days' notice, before any court of the county or corporation where such Bank or branch is located; and on the failure of any Bank or branch to pay such excess on paper heretofore discounted and unpaid as aforesaid, such Bank or branch shall not have the benefit of the provisions of this act, releasing any penalty or forfeiture incurred by it, by the non-payment of specie."

Mr. H. W. Thomas opposed the amendment and he characterized the bill as a device to regulate by law the rate of exchange.

The amendment was adopted—ayes 19, noes 10.

Mr. Isbell then offered the following as an independent section:

"The 33d section of chapter 58 of the Code of Virginia shall be amended and re-enacted so as to read as follows:

"Sec. 16. Any bank authorized to carry on business as a bank of circulation, deposit and discount, may loan money for a period not exceeding six months, and discount any bill of exchange, promissory note or other negotiable paper for the payment of money which will be payable within six months from the time of discounting the same. A bank may take interest on its loans and discounts at the rate of one-half of one per centum, for 30 days, and the interest may be received in advance. Each branch or bank shall so regulate its loans and discounts that the same shall not, together with what it may have paid for stock of this State and bonds guaranteed by this State, exceed twice the amount of capital actually paid into such bank or allotted to such branch.

"Any President, Director or Cashier, who may be instrumental in violating this section shall be fined —— dollars." The section was adopted.

Mr. Isbell then offered the following amendment to the bill:

"No bank or branch of a bank which may have been heretofore incorporated or authorized to be established by the General Assembly and which shall not at the time that this act takes effect have actually gone into legal operation according to the terms of its charter, shall be permitted to do so during the suspension of specie payments by the Banks of this Commonwealth."

Mr. Claiborne then offered the following as an amendment to the amendment, and it was adopted:

"Provided, that this section shall not apply to the Banks of the city of Petersburg."

Mr. Brannon then moved to still further amend the amendment by adding:

"But this section shall not be construed to apply to amended charters of Banks now in operation."

This was agreed to, and the amendment, as amended, was adopted.

On motion of Mr. Brannon, the bill and amendments were then laid on the table and ordered to be printed.

In the House of Delegates bills were reported, to amend the act providing for the voluntary enslavement of free persons of color, and for the purchase and distribution of books of instruction for the use of the military officers of the State.

Resolutions of enquiry were introduced, by Mr. McKenzie, for providing that all free negroes sold for crime or free negroes enslaved in case of committing any crime hereafter shall not be paid for out of the Treasury. By Mr. Keen, suspending for a time the law requiring one-fifth of coin to be held in the Banks.

House bill amending an act incorporating a company to construct a railroad from Alexandria to Washington on the plan of James S. French being on its second reading.

Mr. KcKenzie spoke to the bill—gave the history of the incorporation of this Company—showing that the road had been built directly in opposition to the terms of the charter. He was not opposing the bill, but he thought it due to state the facts.

Mr. Segar did not care anything about the ways and means by which the road was constructed, the point was now to secure a continuous railway from Memphis, Tenn., to Portland, Me. Pass the bill, and you will have a good instead of a miserable one.

Mr. Tomlin thought it was proper to say, that he had been specially requested to advocate this bill, and he was assured that the only change sought by the bill, was to remove the restriction in the original charter, requiring the construction of the road on the plan of J. S. French. He knew nothing more of the bill than that just given.

On motion of Mr. Myers the bill was laid on the table.

The Senate bill providing for the stay of all executions of trust deeds in cases where bank notes will not be taken for debt, came up on its third reading.

Mr. Keen submitted a substitute, and on his motion the bill and amendment were laid on the table.

CHECK BOOKS.—I have now a lot of splendid new CHECK BOOKS, gotten up expressly to my order, and in the most approved modern style, on the Bank of the Old Dominion, and the Farmers' and Exchange Banks at Alexandria. These checks can be sold as low as they can be had any where. They are warranted to draw all the money you have in Bank and sometimes a little over, if the credit stands pretty fair. I speak from experience, and I am anxious that you and every other man should make the trial by purchasing one of me for your own use.
feb 19 JOHN H. PARROTT.

CHEMICALS.—Blue Mass; Sulphate Morphia; Sulph. Quinine; Acetic Acid; Prussic Acid; Tartaric Acid; Sulph. Nitrate Bismuth; Sulphate Cinchona; Chloroform; Sulphuric Ether; Glycerine; Iodine; Hypo Phosphate Soda; Lunar Caustic; Citrate Iron and Quinine; Iodide Potasium; Sulphate Zinc; Acetate Potash; Tannic Acid; Chlora Potash; Acetate of Morphia; Precipitated Carb. Iron, just received and for sale by JAS. ENTWISLE, Jr.,
feb 19 apothecary.

FRESH GARDEN SEED.—The subscribers have just received a full assortment of the choicest varieties of Vegetable Seed; also of Flower Seed, which they offer for sale in such quantities as may be desired. HENRY COOK & CO.
feb 19

FRESH Kerosene and Carbon Oil, received and for sale by
feb 19 HENRY COOK & CO.

COMMUNICATION.

The Northern Vote of Fairfax County.

To the Editors of the Alexandria Gazette:

I have seen lately published an article in reference to the election for Delegate from the county of Fairfax to the State Convention. Now, I am no politician, but a plain farmer, (and a poor one at that,) surrounded by Northern families, and I take great pleasure in testifying, that a more intelligent, orderly, law-abiding, and inoffensive set of men, (who attend to their own business, and let that of their neighbors alone,) never lived in any community. And this is the testimony in their behalf from all parts of the county, as far as I am informed. I truly regret the publication of the article referred to, because it is calculated to prejudice at least some of our Southern citizens against their Northern brethren, and to place them in a false position before the public. Can any man of reflection suppose for a moment that our Northern fellow-citizens would desert us in the hour of peril and danger, and prove traitors to the land of their adoption? I should think not. Have not a large majority of them invested their last dollar in our lands? Their entire earthly possessions are in the State of Virginia. Have not many of them married the fair daughters of Fairfax, and buried their parents, wives, and children in our Southern soil? Is it reasonable to suppose that with all these ties to bind them here, should the bugle of war ever be sounded in our midst, that they would take up arms against us? No, it is not. I solemnly believe, that nine-tenths of them, in vindication of their rights *and ours*, would shoulder their muskets, and march side by side with our native born citizens to the battle field, and pour out their hearts' blood in asserting and maintaining those rights.

But these true and loyal men are to be held up to Virginians, as traitors to the *South!* And for what? Why, because, in the exercise of their rights as freemen, they chose to go to the polls on Monday, the 4th instant, and record their votes for Wm. H. Dulany, esq., a high minded, honorable, and talented Virginia gentleman, and as true to the South as the needle to the pole with ability and nerve to assert and maintain her rights, and defend her wrongs, if need be; and woe be to that man who dares to intimate that *he* is false to the land of his birth! We are informed that Dulany was elected by the Northern vote! Well, suppose he was. If this is treason, let them make the most of it. I say from my heart, thank God, that they are content to remain in this glorious old Union, which the immortal Washington, Jefferson, Madison, and Monroe, and a host of departed worthies so much loved and revered, as long as there is a hope left of an honorable and satisfactory adjustment of the unfortunate difficulties which now exist between the slave and free States. At the Cross Roads Precinct, where I voted, out of 150 votes taken, Dulany received 118, Moss 32. Dulany received about two-and-a-half of the native vote to Moss's one. I cannot say what proportion of the native vote Mr. Dulany received at the other precincts in the county, as I live twelve miles from the Court House, and have been confined to my house since the day of election by severe indisposition. Consequently, I have not had access to the returns. It is intimated that the unanimity with which the Northern voters supported Dulany, will prejudice the natives against them. No fears need be entertained upon that score, as far as this section of the county is concerned, at least. For as long as they continue to support men of his stamp, (be he Whig or Democrat,) we can trust them, and have no fears as to their loyalty to the South. Was it the Northern vote of Fairfax that gave Brent, the Union candidate, 669 majority in Alexandria? Was it the Northern vote of Fairfax that elected the Union candidates in Loudoun by 1690 majority, and in Fauquier by 783 majority? Was it the Northern vote of Fairfax that swept over the State like a tornado, bearing down all opposition, electing Union men in almost every county, city, town, and borough, by the most unprecedented majorities ever given in the State? Why, if all these mighty results have been brought about by three hundred Northern voters in old Fairfax, what an immense influence they must wield in the future destiny of our good old mother. Now, the truth is, the masses North and South, East and West, have been led by party until they have severed our glorious Union, (at least for the present, for I don't believe it will be *final,*) and brought ruin and misery upon thousands of our once happy and prosperous people; and they have, at last, risen in *their strength*, and resolved to tear off the shackles that have so long bound them to party, and wrought their ruin; and in future to think for themselves and vote for themselves. Hence the mighty revolution now going on, throughout the length and breadth of our land, in the minds of the people. Mark *it*, the *Union*, the Union, will be the watch word in future. The people are speaking through the ballot box, and will be heard.

Mr. Moss is my personal friend; a high minded, honorable gentleman; and if I mistake not, he would be the last man in the county, who, by word or act, would try to convey the idea that Wm. H. Dulany is not as true to the South as he is.

I have made it a rule through life to defend the oppressed, and believing, as I do, that there is an effort making to misrepresent our Northern population, I have thus written, and will thank other papers in our vicinity, in justice to this class of our population, to copy. Respectfully, your friend,

W. W. BALL.

Woodbury, Fairfax County, Feb. 12.

DIED.

On the 18th instant, S. P. DUFFEY. Mr. Duffey was a native of Philadelphia, but came to this place when a youth, and served his time with Mr. William Arnold, of this city. Some years since he connected himself with the Mount Vernon Guards, and went with that corps to Charlestown in the winter of 1859. His health, then delicate, was so much impaired by exposure while on duty there, that after his return he was an invalid, and consumption terminated his existence as above stated. The character of Mr. Duffey was of the highest order, and he was universally beloved.

☞ His funeral will take place from the residence of James Tubman, on Cameron, between Henry and Patrick streets, at 3 o'clock this afternoon. The friends and acquaintances of the deceased are invited to attend.

At "Tetley," Orange county, Va., Feb. 13th, ROBERT, youngest son of Dr. John C. and Mary Storin Mayo, aged 15 months. Sweet cherub! thou art gone! As some beauteous flower of morning thou didst open to gladden us with thy loveliness! but this wintry world was not thy abiding place. "The giver of every good and ever perfect gift" has removed thee to the garden of Paradise to bloom in everlasting sunshine.

They are going, ever going!
Leaving *many a lonely spot*:
But 'tis Jesus who has called them,
Suffer and forbid them not.

*****

OIL! OIL! OIL!—Bleached Winter Sperm, Lard Oil, Elephant Oil, Solar, Whale, Neatsfoot, Train, Tanners, Machine Oil, Linseed, Tallow and Boiled Oil, for sale by
feb 19 H. COOK & CO.

40 BBLS. Yellow Refined, C. Yellow, and B. Coffee Sugar, received this day, and for sale by [feb 19] J. E. DOUGLASS.

10 HHDS. New Crop New Orleans Sugar, part strictly prime, received this day, and for sale by [feb 19] J. E. DOUGLASS.

A FINE LOT of pure Havana Segars, at
feb 19 MILBURNS,

THIRTY-SIXTH CONGRESS.

[REPORTED FOR THE ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE.]

In Senate, Monday, Feb. 18.

Mr. Bragg, from the Committee on Claims, reported a resolution to repeal the joint resolution in favor of Wm. H. Degroot. Adopted.

The report of the Committee of Conference on the amendments to the Deficiency bill, made on Saturday, was taken up and agreed to.

Mr. King presented the petition of the German Republican Associations of the city of New York, asking that something be done for the preservation of the Union, and that Congress stand by the Constitution and the laws.

Mr. Bigler presented several petitions in favor of the Crittenden resolutions.

Mr. Seward presented the petition of two-thirds of the book publishers of the United States; also of the faculty of Columbia College, asking a modification of the tariff bill in regard to books.

Mr. Sumner presented the petition of citizens of Massachusetts against any compromise which will extend slavery in the territories.

Also, two petitions from citizens of Philadelphia in favor of the Constitution, as it is, and the enforcement of the laws.

Mr. Cameron presented petitions from citizens of Pennsylvania in favor of the Constitution, as it is, and others in favor of the Crittenden resolutions.

Mr. Hale presented the petition of Lewis Vamer, Paymaster at the Pensacola Navy Yard, stating that his property was seized when the Navy Yard was taken by the State authorities, and asking relief.

Mr. Douglas presented several petitions in favor of a general bankrupt law.

Messrs. Foster, Dixon and Ten Eyck presented petitions from the citizens of Connecticut and New Jersey in favor of the Border State resolutions.

Mr. Baker, of Oregon, presented the credentialsof Jas. W. Nesmith, elected Senator from Oregon, vice Joseph Lane, from and after the 4th of March.

Mr. Wilson, of Mass., called up his resolution changing the hour of the daily meeting of the Senate from 12, M., to 11 o'clock, P. M., and the resolution was agreed to.

Mr. Gwin, of Cal., moved to take up the Post Route bill which was agreed to.

Mr. Gwin moved that the Senate adhere to the amendments to said bill disagreed to, by the House of Representatives, and ask a Committee of Conference.

Mr. Gwin advocated the motion, which was opposed by Mr. Latham—pending the subject

The Tariff bill came up as the regular order.

Mr. Green moved to postpone the Tariff bill, with a view to continue the discussion. The motion was lost.

The Senate then took up the Tariff bill.

The various amendments to the bill were discussed at length by Messrs. Simmons, Hunter, Wilson, Foot, Sumner, Trumbull, Grimes, Chandler and others.

Pending the subject, by unanimous consent,

Mr. Pearce submitted the report of the Conference Committee on the Legislative, Executive and Judicial Appropriation bill.

The said report was concurred in.

Mr. Hemphill, of Texas, introduced a resolution asking information as to the seizure of certain American vessels by Peru—which was laid over.

The consideration of the Tariff bill was resumed, and pending an amendment to authorize the issue of $50 Coupon Treasury Notes.

The Senate at 5¼ o'clock adjourned.

House of Representatives.

The Speaker laid before the House a communication from the Secretary of the Treasury relative to the accounts of the Indian department.

Also, a communication from the common council of the city of Boston, both of which were laid on the table.

Mr. Hooper, of Utah, offered an amendment to an act providing for the admission of New Mexico into the Union, and asked that it might be printed; agreed to.

Mr. Hamilton, of Texas, offered a joint resolution providing for the payment of certain claims for legal services in the District Courts of the United States in Texas; referred to the Committee on Claims.

Mr. Blake asked unanimous consent (the regular order of business having been called) to offer a resolution, instructing the Secretary of the Interior to inform the House whether the claim of Hon. H. M. Rice, for $24,000, had been paid; how long his claim had been in the department, &c.

Objection being made, further reading of the resolution was suspended.

The House then took up the regular order of business—reports from committees for reference.

Mr. Carter, from the Committee on the District of Columbia, reported a bill to amend an act supplementary to an act for the organization of a naval and military asylum in the District of Columbia, and moved that it be put upon its passage; which motion prevailed, and the bill was passed.

Mr. Kilgore, from the same committee, reported a bill for the incorporation of the Washington and Georgetown City Railway Company.

Mr. McClernand objected, and it was not considered.

Mr. Hughes introduced a bill for the grading, curbing, and paving of Seventeenth street west between Pennsylvania avenue and B. street north. Referred to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

Mr. Kilgore again attempted to bring up his railway bill.

Mr. Carter objected.

Mr. Burnett hoped the gentleman would withdraw his objection.

Mr. Carter said he desired to offer a substitute.

Several members here objected to the reception of either the bill or the substitute.

Mr. Kilgore then desired to bring up the metropolitan police bill; objected to.

Mr. Staunton, of Ohio, from the Committee on Military Affairs reported a bill supplimentary to the acts of 1807–1795, authorizing the President to accept volunteers in all cases were the Army and Navy of the United States may be employed to surpress insurrection and repel invasion.

Mr. Bocock objected and said if there was a hope of peace, force bills would soon put an end to it.

The question coming up, shall the objection prevent the admission of the bill was decided in the negative by a vote of yeas 67, nays 110.

The morning hour having expired, the House took up the report of the Committee of Thirty-Three.

Mr. Webster addressed the House, advocating Mr. Crittenden's measures of compromise, and expressing the opinion that they would be acceptable to his State. He was strongly opposed to the enforcement of the laws in case there was any danger of collision by such a course.

On motion of Mr. Sherman the further consideration of the report was postponed until to-morrow.

Mr. Sherman then called up a bill amending the recent act, authorizing the issue of Treasury notes. The bill provides that the President shall have power to issue Treasury notes of the denomination of $50 redeemable within twenty years, bearing not more than 6 per cent. interest, and at the pleasure of the Secretary of the Treasury to have coupons attached. Interest on said notes to be payable annually or semi-annually. Said bonds to be applied *at par* to the payment of such of the government creditors as may desire to receive them.

The bill was read a third time, and under the previous question, passed.

The House then took up the bill providing a temporary government for the territory of Colorado.

Mr. Grow moved an amendment, making said bill conform to the Senate bill, providing a territorial government for Dacotah and Nevada—which amendment was agreed to.

The bill was then read a third time and passed—yeas 90, nays 42.

The House then took a recess until 7 o'clock.

Upon assembling at 7 o'clock, several speeches on the crisis were delivered.

COMMERCIAL.

Monetary.

The New York banks find it impossible to keep up their loan lines to the march of their ability. The statement to be published to-day it is thought will possibly show an average below $120,000,000. The specie now in the banks is full up to $38,000,000, or more than two millions beyond any amount heretofore reported by the banks.

The foreign news by the city of Baltimore is regarded as very favorable. The alarm with regard to the American crisis was subsiding, hence the reaction in cotton and the rise in American securities. The banks of England and France were gaining strength, and the money market was easy at the advanced rates. The latest quotations of Illinois Central show an advance of nearly 10 per cent from the lowest point, and Erie 4 per cent.

The New York takers of the ten million loan have sent a petition to the committee of Ways and Means of the House of Representatives, asking for the return of their deposits of one per cent., made in October last. They allege that they suffered heavy losses by the failure of the then Secretary of the Treasury to furnish them with coupon bonds.

Alexandria Market, February 18.

The demand for Flour to-day was quiet, but prices are unchanged. The receipts of Grain on 'Change was heavy. The demand continues active. We note sales of Wheat at 135, 138@140c. for fair to prime; and 112 for inferior quality White; and red at 112, 115 and 120c. for inferior to good, and 122@130c for good to prime quality. Corn is in fair request at 50@55c. for damaged to good. In Rye we have a better enquiry to note. There were sales on 'Change at 66@67c. There were no offerings of Oats on 'Change. Sales of Cloverseed on 'Change at $6 25.

The Markets.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 18.—Flour dull; Howard street and Ohio $5.12; City Mills $5. Wheat is firm; red 125@130c; white 140@160c. Corn active; yellow 53@56c; white 60@63c. Provisions steady; mess pork $17.75; prime $13.60. Lard steady at 10c. Coffee steady at 12@13c. Whiskey dull at 17½@17¾c.

NEW YORK, Feb. 18.—Flour is 5@10c. lower; sales of 13,000 bbls.; State $5.10@$5.25; Ohio $5.55@$5.65; Southern $5.40@$5.65. Wheat is quiet at an advance of 1c. Corn is firm; sales of 10,000 bushels mixed 1c. lower; sales at 67c.—Pork is firm; mess $17@$17.06¼. Whiskey is dull at 17¾c. Va. 6's 76; Mo. 6's 66.

1861.	ALMANAC.		1861
SECOND MONTH. FEBRUARY.	SUN rises.	SUN sets.	MOON'S PHASES.
			D. H. M.
19 Tuesday	6 46	5 43	
20 Wednesday	6 45	5 44	Full......24 11 35 E.
21 Thursday	6 43	5 45	Last qr.. 3 2 8 E.
22 Friday	6 42	5 46	New......11 8 29 M.
23 Saturday	6 41	5 47	First qr., 19 0 24 E.
24 Sunday	6 39	5 48	HIGH WATER.
25 Monday	6 38	5 49	Feb'ry. 19 —h.—m.

MARINE LIST.

PORT OF ALEXANDRIA—FEBRUARY 16.

ARRIVED.

Schr. Cassandra, Hudson, Machodoc, corn and wheat to Geo. H. Robinson.

Schr. Industry, Wilkerson, Mattox, corn to Geo. H. Robinson.

SAILED.

Steamer C. C. Alger, Fenton, Philadelphia, by Wm. H. Fowle & Son.

MEMORANDA.

Ship Onward, Pengily, sailed from Liverpool, for this port, 31st ult.

Schr. Mary H. Banks, Banks, hence at Baltimore, 18th inst.

☞ ATTENTION MOUNT VERNON GUARDS!—You are hereby notified to meet at the Armory of the corps, this afternoon, at 2 o'clock, in full uniform, with overcoats, to attend the funeral of your deceased comrade, Samuel P. Duffey. By order of the Captain:
feb 19—1t J. T. DEVAUGHN, O. S.

☞ FIRST WARD UNION COUNCIL TICKET.—The following ticket will be supported by the voters of the First Ward:
FOR BOARD OF ALDERMEN—Benj. Barton.
FOR COMMON COUNCIL:
Lewis McKenzie, W. A. Harper,
W. H. Marbury, G. H. Markell.
feb 18—3t*

FISHERY FOR RENT.—The subscriber will rent for one or more years the FISHING on the Maryland side of the Potomac river, upon Smith's Point. It has always been regarded as amongst the best of the lower shores on the Potomac for shad as well as herring. For terms apply to the undersigned, at Nanjemoy, P. O., Charles County, Md., or to Brent & Kinzer, Alexandria.
WM. H. MITCHELL.
Charles Co., Md., feb 19—eod2w

LOST.—On Prince street, between our store and the Farmers' Bank, T. T. O. Dell's negotiable note, dated February 15th, at 60 days, for $850, endorsed by John H. Suttle and C. F. Suttle & Co., and payable at Union Bank, New York. The finder will confer a favor by leaving it at our office.
feb 19—1t C. F. SUTTLE & CO.

$5 REWARD.—Lost on Sunday morning, between the hours of 10 and 11 o'clock, in going from the Baptist Church, to the corner of King and Royal streets, A HEAVY GOLD FOB CHAIN. The above reward will be given on leaving the chain at Mr. A. H. Fuschel's jewelry store. feb 19—1t*

KEROSENE OR COAL OIL.
A FULL supply of this article received and for sale by MILBURN & BRO.
feb. 19

TO THE PUBLIC.
HAVING understood that Capt. George Bakeoven has put out some scandalous reports about me, I am prepared to prove everything that he has said to be utterly false.
feb 19—1t* JAMES LINDSAY.

CINAKER OIL.
A FULL SUPPLY of this invaluable Liniment for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Pains, &c., received and for sale at MILBURN & BROS.,
feb 19 Drug & Chemical Store.

BAZIN'S Superior Cold Cream, Lemon Gum Drops; Harlem Oil, McMunn's Elixir of Opium; Fannestock's Vermifuge, just received and for sale by JAS. ENTWISLE, Jr.,
feb 19 Apothecary, 94 King st.

2 TIERCES prime new Rice
10 boxes prime Cheese, received this day, and for sale by [feb 19] J. E. DOUGLASS.

20 BBLS. choice New Crop New Orleans Molasses, received this day, and for sale by
feb 19 J. E. DOUGLASS.

COAL AND CARBON OIL—A full supply, received, and for sale by
feb 19 H. COOK & CO., Sarepta Hall.

COAL AND CARBON OIL.—A full supply received and for sale by
feb 19 HERRY COOK & CO.

DOUBLE WHITE TUBERON.—For sale by
feb 19 HENRY COOK & CO.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.—The fine A. I. British Barque LOUISE, Hassett, master, 450 tons, will take freight to any port in Europe, for which apply to B. H. LAMBERT,
feb 18—tf Union Wharf.

CLOVERSEED, of prime quality, from the Valley and Ohio, for sale by
feb 18 MEADE & MARYE.

CRUSHED SUGAR.—40 bbls. "Lovering's" best Crushed, Powdered, and Granulated, for sale by [feb 7] WHEAT & BRO.

COFFEE.—25 bags Rio Coffee
10 bags Java COFFEE, for sale by
feb 15 J. N. HARPER & CO.

50 BBLS. PORTLAND SYRUP, in store, and for sale by [feb 14] FOWLE & CO.

LOCAL ITEMS.

WASHINGTON NEWS.—Large quantities of ordinance stores are being daily received from the Washington Arsenal and sent to distant military posts. Several officers have been detailed to superintend their shipment.

New regulations of the strictest kind have been issued for the government of the Washington Navy Yard. Many portions of the Yard, including the Armory, are closed to visitors.

Mr. Seward has invited the President elect to partake of the hospitalities of his house and home until the inauguration, as a means of separating him from the influence of the extremists. The latter, however, insist upon his taking quarters at Willard's, where they can have easy access to him.

The new steam sloop-of-war Pensacola is now receiving her machinery, and will be ready for service in a few weeks.

Mr. Weirs's painting of the "Embarkation of the Pilgrims," which was injured by the falling of a piece of timber from the dome of the Capitol, has been repaired, and no trace whatever of the rent in the canvas can now be discovered.

Miss Lane's reception took place at noon on Saturday, and was very largely attended. Everything went off very happily, and many cordial wishes for Miss Lane's future happiness were expressed.

Burglarious and incendiary attempts continue to be made, in different parts of the city.

FORMATION OF A BATALLION.—A meeting of the commissioned officers of the Volunteer Companies of this city, was held yesterday afternoon, at the office of Lieut. Herbert. Lieut. Humphries occupied the chair, and Lieut. Fowle acted as secretary. The Captains of the different companies, to whom the matter had been referred, having reported favorably to the formation of a Batallion, an election for Major was held, and Capts. Morton Mayre, of the Alexandria Riflemen, S. H. Devaughn, of the Mt. Vernon Guards, and M. D. Corse, of the Old Dominion Riflemen, were nominated for that position, but the two first named gentlemen having declined being candidates, Captain Corse was unanimously elected. The following members of the staff were then appointed: Lieut. A. J. Humphries, of the Alexandria Riflemen, Adjutant; Quartermaster W. B. Richards, of the Alexandria Riflemen, Quartermaster; John A. Field, of the Mount Vernon Guards, Paymaster; C. W. Chancellor, Surgeon; C. J. Wise, of the Alexandria Riflemen, Sergeant Major, and T. V. Fitzhugh, of the Old Dominion Rifles, Quartermaster Sergeant.

ALEXANDRIA WATER COMPANY.—The adjourned general meeting of the stockholders of the Alexandria Water Company was held last night at the Fire Insurance office, Benjamin Barton in the Chair, and C. W. Wattles, Secretary.

A quorum being present the report of the President and Directors was read and adopted. The report shows an increase in the rents for the past year, and an additional expenditure for the purpose of further improvements at the Reservoir and along Cameron Run.

The stockholders then proceeded to ballot for Directors when the following gentlemen were unanimously re-elected: R. H. Miller, J. B Daingerfield, G. D. Fowle, Wm. N. McVeigh, Wm. G. Cazenove, D. B. Smith, and B. H. Lambert.

The meeting then adjourned.

CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO CANAL.—We see it stated in the Shepherdstown (Va.) Register that the work on dam No. 4, of this canal, which was commenced in 1857, has been finally completed, under the supervision of Mr. Brown, the contractor, and that it is expected that navigation throughout the entire line will be resumed about the middle of March.

CONCERT.—At the earnest solicitation of a number of our citizens, the Juvenile Concert, given by the pupils of Professor Hosford, at Lyceum Hall, last Thursday night, will be repeated on Thursday night next, with a change of programme. The Professor and his accomplished lady, will sing several solos on the occasion.

EXHIBITION.—The students of St. John's Academy are to give an exhibition, consisting of recitations and dialogues, at Liberty Hall, this evening. They will be assisted by the Crescent Glee Club, who will vary the entertainment with several songs. Everything will be done to make the evening pass off agreeably.

DONATIONS TO THE SOUP HOUSE.—G. H. R., $3.60; a Lady from Loudoun, $1; a Lady, $1; from a Lady, $5; Cash fifty cents; R Windsor, lot of cabbage and turnips. The Soup House will have to be closed after Wednesday next, unless donations are increased, as the funds are entirely exhausted.

OLD DOMINION RIFLES.—The Old Dominion Rifles, Maj. Corse commanding, were out last night, with full ranks, on a street drill, and attracted by their quickly acquired military air and deportment, general attention.

CITY COUNCIL.—There will be an adjourned meeting of the City Council, this evening. The bill fixing the salaries of certain officers of the Corporation, having been passed by the Board of Aldermen, will be considered in the Common Council.

THE FAIR.—The Friendship Fire Company visited the Fair, at Sarepta Hall, last night, in full uniform, attracting much attention. The Fair closes to-night with an auction of the articles remaining unsold, and a ball.

ALEXANDRIA LIBRARY COMPANY.—The annual meeting of the Library Company, on account of the small attendance, was adjourned last night until next Monday night.

REFINED SUGARS.—We are just in receipt of another supply of Philadelphia REFINED SUGARS, consisting of Loaf, Crushed, Granulated, Pulverized, and A. B. and C. Coffee SUGARS, which we offer to the trade.
GRAY, MILLER & CO.,
feb 16 corner of King and Water sts.

RIO AND JAVA COFFEE.—This day landing from steamer C. C. Alger, a lot of prime Rio and Old Government Java COFFEES, for sale by GRAY, MILLER & CO.,
feb 16 cor. of King and Water-sts.

NEW CROP TEAS.—New Crop Teas, both Black and Green, in whole and half chests, for sale by GRAY, MILLER & CO.,
feb 16 cor. of King and Water-sts

POTOMAC HERRING.—Potomac Herring, in barrels and half barrels, for sale by
GRAY, MILLER & CO.,
feb 16 cor. of King and Water sts.

GROUND PLASTER, of superior quality, for sale very low, to close, by
WM. H. FOWLE & SON,
feb 12 No 4, South Wharves.

TIMOTHY, HERDS GRASS, ORCHARD GRASS AND KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS SEED, for sale by
feb 18 MEADE & MARYE.

CHEAP FOR CASH.—I offer unusual inducements to cash purchasers.
JOHN OGDEN,
feb 13 Dealer in Housekeeping Articles.

TABLE CUTLERY AND PLATED WARE.—A fine assortment of these goods, and from the best manufacturers. For sale by
feb 13 JOHN OGDEN.

40 BBLS. APPLES, received, and for sale by
feb 5 DAVY & HARMON.

POSTSCRIPT.

BY MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH.

THE CONFEDERATE STATES OF AMERICA.

Inaugural of President Davis.

MONTGOMERY, Feb. 18.—The inaugural ceremonies to-day, made the grandest pageant ever witnessed in the South. The hill on which the capitol is situated was crowded with the wealth, beauty, soldiery, and citizens from the different States.

President Davis commenced his inaugural precisely at one o'clock. He said:

Gentlemen of the Congress of the Confederate States of America, friends, and fellow-citizens: Called to the difficult and responsible station of Chief Executive of the Provisional Government which you have instituted, I approach to discharge the duties assigned me with a distrust of my abilities; but with a sustaining confidence in the wisdom of those who are to guide me in the administration of public affairs, and an abiding faith in the virtue and patriotism of the people.

Looking forward to the speedy establishment of a permanent Government, to take the place of this, and which by its greater moral and physical power will be better able to combat with the many difficulties which will arise from conflicting interests as separate nations, I enter upon the duties of the office with the hope that the beginning of our career as a confederacy, may not be obstructed by any hostile opposition to our enjoyment of the separate existence and independence which we have asserted, and with the blessing of Divine Providence intend to maintain. Our present condition, achieved in a manner unprecedented in the history of nations, illustrates the American idea that Governments can rest upon the consent of the governed, and that it is the right of the people to alter and abolish governments whenever they become destructive of the ends for which they were established.

The declared purpose of the Compact of the Union from which we have withdrawn was to establish justice, insure domestic tranquility, provide for the common defence, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity; and when in the judgment of the Sovereign States now composing this confederacy it had been perverted from the purposes for which it was ordained, and ceased to answer the ends for which it was established, a peaceful appeal to the ballot box declared that so far as they were concerned, the government created by that compact should cease to exist. In this they merely asserted the right which the Declaration of Independence of 1776 defined to be inalienable. Of the time and occasion for its exercise they, as the sovereigns, were the final judges each for itself. The impartial and enlightened verdict of mankind will vindicate the rectitude of our conduct, and he who knows the sincerity with which we labored to preserve the government of our fathers in its spirit.

The right solemnly proclaimed at the birth of the States, and which has been affirmed and re-affirmed in the bills of rights of the States subsequently admitted into the Union of 1789, undeniably recognize in the people the power to resume the authority delegated for the purposes of government.—Thus the sovereign States here represented proceeded to form this confederacy and it is by an abuse of language that this act has been denominated revolution. They formed a new alliance, but within each State its government has remained. The rights of person and property have not been disturbed. The agent through whom they communicated with foreign nations is changed, but this does not necessarily interrupt their international relations.

Sustained by the consciousness that the transition from the former Union to the present confederacy has not proceeded from a disregard on our part of our just obligations, or from any failure to perform every constitutional duty; moved by no interest or passion to invade the rights of others—anxious to cultivate peace and commerce with all nations, if we may not hope to avoid war we may at least expect that posterity will acquit us of having needlessly engaged in it.

Doubly justified by the absence of wrong on our part, and by a wanton aggression on the part of others, there can be no cause to doubt that the courage and patriotism of the people of the Confederate States will be found equal to any measures of defence that our security may require. An agricultural people whose chief interest is in the export of a commodity required in every manufacturing country, our true policy is peace, and the freest trade which our necessities will permit. It is alike our interest and that of all those to whom we would sell, and from whom we would buy that there should be the fewest practicable restrictions upon the interchange of commodities. There can be but little rivalry between ours and any manufacturing or navigating community such as the northeastern States of the American Union. It must follow, therefore, that a mutual interest would invite good will and kind offices. If however passion, or lust of dominion should cloud the judgment or inflame the ambition of those States, we must prepare to meet the emergency, and maintain by the final arbitrament of the sword, the position which we have assumed among the nations of the earth. We have entered upon a career of independence and it must be inflexibly pursued through many years of controversy with our late associates the Northern States. We have vainly endeavored to secure tranquility and obtain a respect for the rights to which we were entitled. As a necessity and not as a choice we have resorted to the remedy of a separation, and henceforth our energies must be directed to conduct our own affairs and the perpetuity of the confederacy which we have formed. If a just perception of mutual interest shall permit us peaceably to pursue our separate political career my most earnest desire will have been fulfilled. But if this be denied us, and the integrity of our territory and jurisdiction be assailed, it will but remain for us, with a firm resolve, to appeal to arms, and invoke the blessing of providence in our just cause.

As a consequence of our new condition, and with a view to meet our anticipated wants, it will be necessary to provide a speedy and efficient organization of branches of the Executive Department, having special charge of our Foreign intercourse, Finances, Military Affairs, and the Postal service. For the purposes of defence, the Confederated States may, under ordinary circumstances, rely mainly upon their militia; but it is deemed advisable in the present condition of affairs that there should be a well instructed and well disciplined army more numerous than would usually be required as a peace establishment.

I also suggest that, for the protection of our harbors and commerce on the high seas, a navy adapted to those objects will be required. These necessities have doubtless engaged the attention of Congress. With a Constitution differing only from that of our fathers in so far as it is explanatory of their well-known intent, freed from the sectional conflicts which have interfered with the pursuit of a general welfare, it is not unusual to expect that the States from which we have recently parted may seek to unite their fortunes with ours, under the government which we have instituted. For this your Constitution makes adequate provision; but beyond this if, I mistake not, the judgment and will of the people are that a union with the States from which we have separated is neither practicable nor desirable. To increase our power, develope our resources, and promote the happiness of a confederacy, it is requisite that there should be so much of homogeniety that the welfare of every portion should be the aim of the whole. Where this does not exist, antagonisms are engendered which must and should result in a separation.

Actuated solely by a desire to preserve our rights and promote our own welfare, the separation of the Confederate States has been marked by no aggression upon others, and followed by no domestic convulsions. Our industrial pursuits have received no check—the cultivation of our fields progress as heretofore, and even should we be involved in a war there would be no considerable diminution in the production of the staples which have constituted our exports and in which the commercial world has an interest scarcely less than our own. This common interest of producer with the consumer can only be intercepted by exterior force which should obstruct its transmission to foreign markets—a course of conduct which would be as unjust towards us as it would be detrimental to the manufacturing and commercial interest abroad.

Sould reason guide the action of the government from which we have separated, a policy so detrimental to the civilized world—the Northern States included—could not be directed by even a stronger desire to inflict an injury upon us. But, if otherwise, a terrible responsibility will rest upon it, and the sufferings of millions will bear testimony to the folly and wickedness of our aggressors. In the meantime there will remain for us besides the ordinary remedies before suggested, the well known resources of retaliation upon the commerce of our enemy.

Experience in public stations of a subordinate grade added to this (which you have conferred) has taught me that care, and toil, and disappointment are the price of official elevation. You will see many errors to forgive—many deficiencies to tolerate; but you shall not find in me either want of zeal, or fidelity to the cause that is to me the highest in hope, and of the most enduring affection. Your generosity has bestowed upon me an undeserved distinction—one which I neither sought nor desired. Upon a continuance of that sentiment, and upon your wisdom and patriotism I rely to direct and support me in the performance of the duty required at my hands. We have changed the constituent parts but not the system of our Government. The Constitution formed by our fathers is that which these Confederate States, in their exposition of it, and in their judicial construction of it, has revived. We have a light which reveals its true meaning. Thus instructed as to a just interpretation of the instrument, and ever remembering that all offices are but trusts held for the people, and that the delegated powers are to be strictly construed—I will hope by due diligence in the performance of my duties—though I may disappoint your expectations—yet to retain, when retiring, something of the good will and confidence which welcome my entrance into office.

It is joyous in the midst of perilous times to look around upon a people united in heart where one purpose of high resolve animates and actuates the whole, where the sacrifices to be made are not weighed in the balance against honor, right, liberty and equality.—Obstacles may retard, but they cannot long prevent the progress of the movement; sanctified by its justice; and sustained by a virtuous people, reverently let us invoke the God of our fathers to guide and protect us in our efforts to perpetuate the principles by which by His blessing they were able to vindicate, establish and transmit to their posterity, and with a continuance of His favor, ever gratefully acknowledged, we may hopefully look forward to success, to peace, to prosperity."

The signing of the provisional Constitution was the only business before Congress.—The day was consumed by the inaugural ceremonies.

To-night the city is gorgeously illuminated. The President is holding a levee, at Estelle Hall. The bands are playing, fireworks are being displayed—and there is a general demonstration.

Terrible Tragedy at Fort Smith, Arkansas.

FORT SMITH Feb. 15.—A terrible tragedy occurred in this city last night. A party of five overland mail and Little Rock coach drivers entered the grocery of a German, named Hagge, and commenced quarelling; pistols were drawn on both sides, the barkeeper, named Butcher, was shot through the heart, and died instantly; Hagge received a shot in the forehead and died at 8 o'clock this morning.

Three of the drivers, George Bennett, Matt Ellis and Pony Farmer are under arrest, and guarded by a company of military. The other two escaped. Intense excitement exists among the citizens. The prisoners are now undergoing an examination before the mayor. They will undoubtedly be hanged to-day.

FORT SMITH, Feb. 15.—As the trial of the prisoners for the murder of Hagge and Butcher was drawing to a close yesterday, a mob entered the justice's office and demanded the prisoners for the purpose of lynching them. One of the prisoners named Pony Farmer, broke from custody and attempted to escape. He was immediately fired upon and instantly killed. The crowd then secured the remaining prisoners and made for a place of execution, but before they could carry out their designs the authorities interferred and secured the prisoners and lodged them in Greenwood jail. The excitement in regard to the affair still continues and is intense.

North Carolina Legislature, etc.

RALEIGH, Feb. 18.—The Legislature has agreed to adjourn till Monday next. The Senate has worked on military bills. On the third reading to-day, and amendment against coercion was offered and occupied the day in discussion.

The House is rushing through its calendar.

The Convention of Wake county to-day, nominated secession candidates for the State Convention Messrs. Wilder, Lewis, and Rand.

The Powhatan Steamboat Case.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—The Supreme Court of the United States decided to-day the case of the Powhatan Steamboat company vs. the Appomattox Railroad company, in favor of the plantiffs. The suit was brought to recover damages for the burning of the cargo of the Belvidere in June 1853. Damages laid at $18,000, which were promptly paid at the time by the Powhatan company.

Death of Col. J. B. Brant, of St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 16.—Mr. J. B. Brant, an old and very wealthy citizen of St. Louis, died yesterday afternoon, aged 73 years.—Mr. Brant, was formerly a colonel in the U. S. army, and served with distinction in the war of 1812.

Inaugural Salutes.

Mobile, Feb. 18.—A salute of a hundred guns was fired in honor of the inauguration of President Davis.

CHARLESTON, Feb. 18—A salute of a hundred guns was fired here to-day, in honor of the same event.

Fire at New Haven.

NEW HAVEN, Feb. 17.—The Daily Morning News office took fire last night. The materials, except the presses, were destroyed; insured. The building was saved.

VIRGINIA CONVENTION.

RICHMOND, Feb. 18.—The Commissioners from Mississippi and Georgia addressed the Convention to-day. They appealed strongly to Virginia to go with them. They pictured the advantages of such a course and the danger of remaining with the North. The speakers contemplate no such event as reunion. Mr. Preston of South Carolina will speak to-morrow.

Missouri Convention Election—Apprehended Disturbance at St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 18.—There being apprehensions existing of a disturbance of the public peace to-day, on the occasion of the election for delegates to the State Convention, the Mayor has taken effectual measures to prevent any riotous demonstrations.

AUCTION SALES.

WILL be sold, *on Saturday, the 23d inst.*, at the Market Square, at 10 o'clock, for cash, a fine GOLD WATCH, to satisfy claims in my hands in favor of J. T. Ent.
JOSEPH PADGETT,
feb 19—eo3t* Alexandria County Constable.

COMMISSIONERS' SALE OF VALUABLE LOUDOUN LAND.—Pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Court of Loudoun, made on the 22d day of October, 1860, in the case of Alexander J. Lacey, Administrator of M. H. Lacey, dec'd, vs. Lafayette W. Swart and Burr Swart, the undersigned, Commissioners, will offer at public aution, before Lockhart's Hotel, in the village of Aldie, Loudoun county, Virginia, on *Saturday, the 16th day of March*, 1861, *about 12 o'clock, M.*, the following REAL ESTATE, owned by the said Burr Swart at the time of his death, viz:

1st A TRACT OF LAND, containing 240 ACRES, situated on the Snickers' Gap Turnpike Road, about 1½ miles from Aldie. The land is of fine quality, is well watered, has an abundance of wood, and is well improved by a substantial FRAME DWELLING HOUSE, a fine Stable, Corn-House, and all other necessary Out-Buildings.

2d. A TRACT OF LAND, containing 140 ACRES, formerly owned by C. F. Swart, on Little River, 1 mile from Aldie, adjoining the lands of John W. Fairfax, Sanford Gulick, and Mrs. Wm. Gulick.

3d. A TRACT OF LAND, containing 60 ACRES, adjoining the above, the lands of Zeraga, Mrs. Elizabeth Taylor's dower land, and is the land allotted to Burr Swart in the division of the real estate of his father, the late James Swart.

4th. The undivided interest of Burr Swart, supposed to be two-tenths of the reversion in the dower land (200 acres) of Mrs. Elizabeth Swart.

Persons desiring further information in regard to the property, can obtain it by applying to either of the Commissioners, or it will be shown to them by applying to Mr. ———, the manager, who resides upon the first named Tract.

TERMS.—Ten per cent. of the purchase money to be paid in cash on the day of sale; the residue to be divided into three equal instalments, interest from the day of sale, payable one on the confirmation of the sale, one in one year, and the other in two years from the day of sale,—the purchaser to execute his bonds for the deferred instalments; the title to be withheld until the purchase money is all paid.
MATTHEW HARRISON,
HENRY HEATON,
JOHN M. ORR,
B. P. NOLAND,
Comm'rs. of Sale.
Loudoun co., feb 18—eots.

COMMISSIONERS SALE OF LAND.—By virtue of the decree of the Circuit Court of Loudoun, pronounced on the 1st day of May, 1860, in the case of Thomas Davy complainant, against Gibson Gregg, and others, defendants in Chancery, the undersigned, Commissioners of sale, named in said decree, will in front of the Court House, in Leesburg, about noon, on *Monday, the 8th day of April*, 1861, offer for sale, at publie auction, to the highest bidder, all that tract or parcel of land, in the county of Loudoun, on the waters of Beverdam, now in the occupancy of said Gibson Gregg, adjoining the lands of Robt. C. Bowman, William H. Francis, Washington Beavers and others, containing 4 3 ACRES, 3 Roods and 33 Perches of Land. There is a fine BRICK DWELLING HOUSE on the premises, a good Stone Negro quarters, and other usual Out-Buildings in good condition.

There is an abundance of water in every field on the farm; a fine Orchard of Excellent fruit; an abundance of first-rate TIMBER, and the land is of as fine quality as any in the county of Loudoun. The neighborhood is perfectly healthy; the society is pleasant and agreeable, and altogether the farm is one of the most desirable in the county.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent of the purchase money to be paid in cash on the day of sale, as a deposit, to be forfeited on the failure of the purchaser to complete his purchase—the residue in three equal instalments, bearing interest from the day of sale, and payable in 6, 12, and 18 months from the day of sale. The purchaser to execute his bonds for the deferred instalments, and the title to be retained till the purchase money be all paid.
B. P. NOLAND,
M. HARRISON,
L. CHANCELLOR,
Commissioners.
Loudoun co., feb 2—eots

HISTORY OF THE UNITED NETHERLANDS, from the death of William the Silent to the Synod of Dort, with a full view of the English—Dutch struggle against Spain, and of the origin and destruction of the Spanish Armada, by John Lothrop Motley, L. L. D., D. C. L. Two handsome 8 vo. volumes, cloth, $4.00; Sheep, Library style, $4.50.

The Shadow in the House, an interesting romance, by John Saunders, 12 mo. cloth, $1.00.

England's Yeoman, from life in the 19th century, by Maria L Charlesworth, author of "Ministering Children" &c., 12 mo cloth, $1.00.

Grapes of Eschol, or Gleamings from the Land of Promise, by Rev. J. R. Macduff, author of "Morning and Night Watches," &c., 63c.

Autobiography of the Rev. Dr. Alexander Carlyle, Minister of Inveresk, containing memorials of the men and events of his time, 12 mo. cloth, $1.25. For sale by
JAS. ENTWISLE & SON,
feb 18 No. 95, King street.

WM. H. DULANY. M. D. BALL.
DULANY & BALL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Fairfax C. H., Va.
PRACTICE together in Fairfax and the adjoining counties.
During my absence in Richmond, Mr. Ball will attend to any business for me.
WM. H. DULANY.
Fairfax County, Va., feb 14—eo3t

$20 REWARD.—Ranaway from the subscriber, living near Barbee's Cross Roads, in Fauquier county, Va., a negro boy by the name of MAT. MAT is about 18 years of age, five feet four or five inches high, stout for his height, and of a dark mulatto color. He is one of a parcel of negroes purchased by me of Mr. John Baker, of this county, and is no doubt lurking about Mr. Baker's or Mr. Wm. J. Morgan's. I will give a reward of $20 for his apprehension and delivery to me, at my house.
HENRY M. MARSHALL.
Fauquier county, Va., feb 6—eotf

TO THE PUBLIC.
HAVING received an agency from the Orange Factory, Orange Co., North Carolina, for the sale of their COTTON YARNS, I shall from this date be prepared to fill all orders for the same, at factory prices. These YARNS are put up in wrappers and numbered, and are warranted to be as good if not better, than YARNS manufactured at the Northern Factories.
THOMAS. PERRY,
jan 31—d3m No. 5, South Wharves.

NOTICE.—A meeting of the Stockholders of the Washington, Alexandria, and Mount Vernon Steamboat Company, will be held at the office of Judge Bryan, on Pennsylvania avenue, between 9th and 10th street, Wednesday, February 2 th, at 11 o'clock, A. M., for the election of Directors. JOSEPH BRYAN,
Washington, feb 15—d1w President.

NEW GOODS.
JUST RECEIVED Spring Prints, English and American
Bleached Long Cloths
Colored and White Corsets; Hoop Skirts
Flannels; Osnaburgs; Paper Cambrics
Balmoral Skirts, &c.
feb 18—3t J. M. STEWART.

FLUID EXTRACT OF RATTLEWEED, Worm Syrup, Fluid Extract of Wild Cherry, Cough Syrup, Syrup of Phosphates, (for Consumptives,) Fresh Citrate of Magnesia, just prepared by
DR. R. H. STABLER,
feb 18 No. 165 King st., cor. of Wash.

PURE NATIVE WINES; Superior Brandy for Medicinal purposes; Holland Gin, pure; Port Wine; Cigars of fine quality; White Lead and Oil, received and for sale by
DR. R. H. STABLER, Chemist,
feb 18 No. 165 King-st., cor. of Wash.

ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE AND VIRGINIA ADVERTISER.

THE GAZETTE.

TUESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 19, 1861.

ANOTHER ROYAL ROMANCE.

At a time when the American Bonapartes are urging in the French Courts their claims to imperial recognition, a case not wholly dissimilar is occupying the attention of English lawyers and gossips. The facts of the case, as alleged by the parties seeking to establish their claims to royal relationship, are these:

On the fourth of March, 1767—there being then no restriction on the matrimonial alliances of members of the royal family—one Olive Wilmot, the daughter of an English clergyman high in favor at the Court of George II., was married by her father to the Duke of Cumberland, brother of King George III., and the certificates of the marriage still exist attested by the signature of the Earl of Warwick and King George III. It further appears that on the third of April 1772 there was born of his marriage a daughter who was baptised by the name of Olive, in the presence of the Earl of Chatham and Lord Ashburton.

In the same year in which this infant first appeared her father, the Duke of Cumberland, married again with Lady Anne Horton. This action incensed the King very much; he refused to recognize this second wife, and, under the excitement of the moment, enacted the Royal Marriage act which forbids a member of the royal family from marrying a subject. He, however, anxious to protect his brother from the punishment his bigamy incurred, directed that the child should be rebaptised under the name of Wilmot, but at the same time created her the duchess of Lancaster, made provision for an annual income for her, and had the following drawn up:

"George R.—We declare the birth of Olive the infant of the Duke of Cumberland by Olive his Duchess to be legitimate, who is condemed to privacy by the act of bigamy committed by her royal father.

"(Signed) WARWICK, (Signed), CHATHAM,
"J. WILMOT, DUNNING,"

So the child grew up under the name of Wilmot, residing principally with her grandfather, Dr. Wilmot at Barton-on-the-Heath. In 1792 she married a Mr. John Serres.—Seventeen years after her marriage—that is in 1815—the late Earl of Warwick revealed to her the secret of her birth, and informed her of the will of George III., in which he gives and bequeaths to "Olive our brother of Cumberland's daughter, the sum of £15,000 commanding our heir and successor to pay the same privately to our said neice for her use, as a recompense for the misfortunes she may have known through her father.

The Duke of Kent, satisfied of the authenticity of this and other documents, befriended Mrs. Serres up to the day of his death, and on his death bed wrote:

"Should I not recover, I recommend my dear cousin Olive to my wife, who will for my sake, love and serve her until she recovers her royal rights. I solemnly recommend my daughter to revere the Princess Olive of Cumberland for my sake. EDWARD."

And again:

"If this paper meets my dear Alexandrina's eye, my dear cousin Olive will present it, whom my daughter will for my sake, I hope love and serve, should I depart this life.
EDWARD."

Such are the alleged facts of the case. And now Mrs Lavinia Janette Horton Ryves, the eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Serres, claims the revenues of the Duchy of Lancaster, amounting to £1,004,644 sterling and also £105,529 as bequests from the royal family. The petitioner claims to be Princess of Cumberland and Duchess of Lancaster, as the granddaughter and lineal representative, in the female line, of his late Royal Highness Henry Frederick, Duke of Cumberland who died intestate in the year 1796.'

This remarkable case is attracting the earnest attention of the English press. It involves a property question to the amount of five and a half millions of dollars. The trial will excite interest both at home and on his continent. Like the Gaines and Bonaparte cases, it hinges on a question of legitimacy, which will require all the skill of the highest legal acumen to decide. It has already attracted some attention, for in 1822 Mrs. Serres demanded probate of the will of George III., but was refused, because it was held in the Court had not jurisdiction, and could not grant probate of the will of an English sovereign. In 1841 she sought to bring it to issue by claiming privelege from arrest as a member of the royal family, but again failed through legal technicalities. In 1846 she filled a bill in Chancery against the Duke of Wellington as executor of George IV., who had succeeded to his father's personal estate, but the matter was kept quiet by influential politicians. But now the case is different, and some at least of the English papers clamor for an honest investigation of this long-standing wrong or bold imposition. "Here," says the London Star, "is either a monstrous or artful fraud to be punished, or a cruel wrong to be atoned for, and no personal influence, no matter from how high a quarter it may emanate, must render the arm of English law impotent to chastise imposture or to redress injustice."

AULD LANG SYNE.—You can't translate it. The fitness and the beauty lie in the felicity of the language. Like many happy expressions it is not transferable into another tongue, just like the "simplex munditiis" of Horace, which describes the natural grace of female elegance, or the *hanerithmon gelasma* of Æschylus, which describes the bright sparkling of the ocean in the sun. I cannot help thinking that a change of national language involves also a change of national character. Numerous examples of great power in Scottish phraseology both in the picturesque, the feeling, the wise, and the humorous, might be taken from the works of Robert Burns or Allan Ramsay and which lose their charms altogether when *unscottified.*

VIRGINIA MADE CARRIAGES!

I RESPECTFULLY inform the public that I have on hand an assortment of CARRIAGES of my own make, and of the very best finish and quality, which I will sell low for cash, or approved paper.

I will execute all orders in the best manner, and at satisfactory prices. Repairing will be executed with neatness and dispatch, and warranted to please. Those in want of Vehicles of any kind, are solicited to give me a call, as having had over twenty years practical experience in the business, I am confident of my ability to give entire satisfaction in the execution of orders.

To my friends in Maryland and Virginia, I return my thanks for their past patronage, and hope for a continuation of the same.

jan 1—tf ROBERT I. EDELIN.

COLT'S PISTOLS, CAPS AND FLASKS, MUSKET CAPS, SHARP'S REPEATERS AND CARTRIDGES, &c., &c.—Just opened at No. 88, King street, the third supply (this year) of Colt's and other Fire Arms, with a supply of Caps, and Flasks to suit. Having dealt in Fire Arms for 15 years past, the subscriber has arrangements for furnishing goods in that line, at the very lowest rates.

Orders for a quantity of Colt's Fire Arms, will be executed for a small commission, at the shortest notice. JOHN T. CREIGHTON.
Dealer in Hardware, Cutlery, Guns, Pistols, Caps, Wads, &c., 88, King street, Alexandria.
jan 19

OYSTER DISHES, Oyster Broilers, Chaffing Dishes, Coffee Urns and Biggins, Hot Water Dishes for Steak, Vegetables and Buckwheat Cakes: Plate Warmers, Footmen to hang on Grates Britannia and Block Tin Tea Sets, Casters, &c., for sale by JOHN OGDEN,
nov 26 Dealer in Housekeeping Articles.

BOYS' SLEDS, for sale by
dec 17 PERRY BROS.

COURT NOTICES.

P. B. HOOE, guardian vs. Hardin, et al. In the Circuit Court of Alexandria County, Virginia: In Chancery. Extract from the decree in said cause of November 17th, 1860: "And the Court doth refer this cause to one of the Master Commissioners of this Court, who shall ascertain and report to this Court, the liens, if any, which exist against the real estate in the bill mentioned, the nature, amount, and character thereof, and their order of priority; and shall also state and settle the administration account of George D. Fowle and W. P. Johnston, administrators of Lawriston B. Hardin, dec'd., and ascertain and report the amount of the personal estate of the said L. B. Hardin, yet to be administered as near as the same can be ascertained by said Commissioner—and shall also ascertain and report to the Court, what, if any, debts or claims against the estate of the said Hardin remaining due and unpaid; and for that purpose the Master Commissioner may advertise once a week for four weeks in one of the newspapers published in the city of Alexandria, of the time and place of executing this decree, requiring all persons who have claims or demands against the said estate, to present and prove the same before such Commissioner by a certain day to be by him specified—and all persons who shall not so present and prove their claims to the satisfaction of said Commissioner, by the time to be so specified by him, shall be excluded from all benefit under any future decree in this cause."

Notice is hereby given to all parties interested in the matter of the foregoing extract, that I have fixed upon Saturday, the 9th day of March, 1861, as the time when I shall proceed to execute the orders therein, at 10, A. M., at my Office in the Market Building, Va., Alexandria, and that the proceedings will thereafter be adjourned and continued, from time to time, up to the 9th day of April, 1861, when they will be closed.

S. FERGUSON BEACH,
feb 6—w4w Master Commissioner.

VIRGINIA:—At Rules held in the Clerk's Office of the County Court of Alexandria County, on the 4th day of February, 1861, Thos. Knight and Samuel Howell, copartners under the firm of Knight & Howell, plaintiffs against Geo. W. Harrison, Martha Lunt and Wm. Valentine, defendants: In chancery. The object of this suit is to subject an undivided moiety of two lots of ground in the city of Alexandria, Va., bounded as follows: to wit: No. 1—A lot of ground on the east side of Fayette street and north of King street 130 feet, from their intersection fronting on Fayette street 23 feet six inches, and extending east parallel to King street 128 feet five inches. No. 2—Another lot of ground on Fayette street 110 feet north of King street adjoining the lost mentioned lot fronting 21 feet five inches on Fayette street, and extending east 128 feet five inches, subject to an annual rent charge of $20.83 per year, to the payment of the plaintiff's judgment against the defendant George W. Harrison, amounting to $952.35 with interest thereon from the 12th day of October 1857, till paid, and $8 61 costs. The defendant George W. Harrison, not having entered his appearance and given security according to the act of Assembly and the rules of this Court, and it appearing by affidavit that he is not a resident of this State,—*It is ordered*, that the said defendant appear here within one month after the publication of this order, and do what is necessary to protect his interest in this suit; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in the Alexandria Gazette, a newspaper published in the city of Alexandria, once a week for four successive weeks, and posted at the front door of the Court house of this county.

A copy—Teste: R. A. SINCLAIR, Clerk.
BRENT & KINZER, P. Q. feb 6—1aw4w

VIRGINIA:—At Rules held in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Court of Alexandria county, on the 4th day of February, 1861: The Southern Protection Insurance Company, plaintiff, vs T. A. Stoutenburg, jr., and T. A. Stoutenburg, defendants—In Chancery. The object of this suit is to set up a lost bond given by the defendant, T. A. Stoutenburg, jr., with the said T. A. Stoutenburg as his security, to the plaintiffs as agent that an account of the monies received by the said T. A. Stoutenburg, jr., as such agent may be taken by a Commissioner of said Court, and that a decree may be had against the said defendants for what money may be found due by them to the said plaintiffs. The defendant, T. A. Stoutenburg, jr., not having entered his appearance and given security according to the act of Assembly and the rules of this Court, and it appearing by affidavit that he is not a resident of this State,—*It is ordered*, that the said defendant appear here within one month after due publication of this order, and do what is necessary to protect his interest in this suit: and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in the Alexandria Gazette, a newspaper published in the city of Alexandria, once a week for four successive weeks, and posted at the front door of the Court house of this County.

A copy—Teste: R. A. SINCLAIR, Clerk.
T. T. HILL, P. Q. feb 8—w4w

VIRGINIA:—At Rules held in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Court of Alexandria County, on the 4th day of February, 1861: George W. Lawrence, plaintiff, against William B. Klipstein, Executor of Rebecca Taylor, deceased, Chas. M. Taylor, Geo. R. Taylor, Mary P. Lawrence, William M. Lawrence, Nannie B. Lawrence, John Lawrence, and Margaret Lawrence, defendants—In Chancery. The object of this suit is to recover from the defendant, William B. Klipstein, executor of Rebecca Taylor, deceased, the sum of $556, with interest thereon from the 7th day of May, 1857, till paid. The defendants, Charles M. Taylor, George R. Taylor, Mary P. Lawrence, William M. Lawrence, Nannie B. Lawrence, John Lawrence, and Margaret Lawrence, not having entered their appearance and given security according to the act of Assembly and the rules of this Court, and it appearing by affidavit that they are not residents of this State,—*It is ordered*, that the said defendants appear here within one month after due publication of this order, and do what is necessary to protect their interest in this suit: and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in the Alexandria Gazette, a newspaper published in the city of Alexandria, once a week for four successive weeks, and posted at the front door of the Court house of this County.

A copy—Teste: R. A. SINCLAIR, Clerk.
D. L. SMOOT, P. Q. feb 7—w4w

VIRGINIA:—At Rules held in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Court of Alexandria County, on the 4th day of February, 1861; Jules Hauel and Felix B. Strouse, partners trading under the style and firm of Jules Hauel & Co., plaintiffs, against Alexander Lamamond, defendant. In an action of debt, in which an attachment issued to recover the sum of $169.26, with interest thereon, from the 7th day of November, 1860, till paid. The defendant not having entered his appearance and given security according to the act of Assembly and the rules of this Court, and it appearing by affidavit that he is not a resident of this State—IT IS ORDERED, that the said defendant appear here within one month after the publication of this order, and do what is necessary to protect his interest in this suit; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in the Alexandria Gazette a newspaper published in the city of Alexandria, once a week for four successive weeks, and posted at the front door of the Court House of this County.

A Copy—Teste: R. A. SINCLAIR, Clerk.
BRENT & KINZER, P. Q. feb 7—w4w

VIRGINIA:—At Rules held in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Court of Alexandria County, on the 7th day of January, 1861; John W. Minor, plaintiff, against Gilbert Vanderwerken, defendant. In an action of debt in which an attachment was issued to recover the sum of $397.94 with interest thereon from the 5th day of January, 1860, till paid. The defendant not having entered his appearance and given security according to the act of Assembly and the rules of this Court, and it appearing by affidavit that he is not a resident of this State—*It is ordered*, that the said defendant appear here within one month after the publication of this order, and do what is necessary to protect his interest in this suit; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in the Alexandria Gazette, a newspaper published in the city of Alexandria, once a week for four successive weeks, and posted at the front door of the Court House of this County.

A Copy—Teste: R. A. SINCLAIR, Clerk.
W. A. TAYLOR, P. Q. feb 1—w4w

NOTICE.—Elizabeth L. Jenks, administratrix and widow of William L. Jenks, deceased, complainant, in Alexandria Circuit Court, vs. Harvey Bailey and Sarah E. Bailey his wife, and Winfield Scott Jenks, defendants. The decree in this cause directs the Commissioner to take an account of the transactions of the complainant as administratrix of Wm. L. Jenks, deceased; to ascertain the debts of her intestate's estate remaining unpaid, and the real estate of which the said Wm. L. Jenks died seized, together with the annual and fee simple value thereof.

COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE, January 29, 1861.—Notice is hereby given to all parties interested, that *on Saturday, the 2d day of March*, 1861, at my office, in the city of Alexandria, I shall proceed to execute the decree of which the foregoing is an abstract.

Given under my hand the day and year aforesaid. W. C. YEATON,
jan 30—1aw4w Master in Chancery.

SEINE TWINE.—1,000 lbs. Seine Twine, for sale by [dec 5] WHEAT & BRO.

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, &c.

DRUGS, &c.—Nitrate Silver, Iodine, Tannin, Valenariate Zinc, Calomel, Muriated Tinct Iron, Tart Iron and Potash, Syrup Iodide of Iron, Iron by Hydrogen, Cardamon Seed, Matico Leaves, Macassia Oil, Sands' Sarsaparilla, Gum Arabic, Hops, Camphor, Lee's Super Carb Soda, Gum Senegal, Citrate Magnesia, Matches, Stramonium Leaves, Brown's Essence Ginger, Alcohol, Bi Chromate Potash, Caustic Potash, Quinine, Carbonate Iron, Peruvian Bark, Ground Ginger, Cocheneal, English Peppermint, Lozenges, Squills, Assafœtida, Chamomile Flowers, Gayette Paper, and Sarsaparilla Root, just received, and for sale by LEADBEATER & CO.,
2 mo 13 Nos. 5 and 7, South Fairfax-st.

GARDEN SEEDS.

WE HAVE received from Landreth's, our second supply of GARDEN SEEDS, consisting of—Asparagus, Beets, Beans, Broccoli, Cabbage, Carrot, Cauliflower, Celery, Corn, Cress, Cucumber, Egg Plant, Endive, Kale, Leek, Lettuce, Melon, Mushroom Spawn, Nasturtium, Onion, Parsley, Parsnip, Peas, Pepper, Pumpkin, Radish, Rhubarb, Salsafy, Spinach, Squash, Tomato, Turnip; also, Herb and Flower SEEDS, all in small papers at 6¼ and 10 cts., and in bulk when required. Catalogues gratis. For sale by
LEADBEATER & CO.,
2 mo 12 Nos. 5 & 7 South Fairfax st.

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, &c.—Pow'd. Cubebs, Pow'd. Gum Arabic, Nitrate Silver fused and crystallized, Oils, Anise, Sassafras, Citronella and Geranium, Tartaric Acid, Cream Tartar, Opium, Morphine, Sulphate Quinine, Gallic Tanic and Citric Acid, Rhubarb, Pow'd. Slippery Elm, Borax, Sup. Carb. Soda, Prepared Chalk, Blue Stone, Alum, Oxalic Acid, Benzoic Acid, Norweod's Tincture Veratrium, Price's Glycerine, Cox's Sparkling Gelatine, Ext. Vanilla, Strawberry, Raspberry, Peach, Almond, and Orange, Oil Lemon, Oil Pippermint, and Oil Cloves, Sugar Lead, Ipecac, and Cloves, just received, and for sale by J. WM. BOWLING,
jan 31 62, cor. of Fairfax and Prince-sts.

DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES, &c.—Osgood's India Chologogue, Chloroform, Chlorate of Potassa, Cod Liver Oil, Isinglass, Opium, Carrageen, Arrow Root, Donovan's Syrup of Bark, Glycerine, Wilbor's Cod Liver Oil and Lime, Cloves, Ground Ginger, Rhubarb Root, Alum, Hosteller's Bitters, Indigo, Nutmegs, Allspice, Bromide of Potassium, Brown's Bronchial Troches, Low's Brown Windsor Soap, Ayer's Pectoral, Fosgate's Anodyne Cordial, Cinnamon, Boerhave's Holland Bitters, for sale by
J. R. PIERPOINT,
feb 7 No. 172 King street

BURNETT'S COD LIVER OIL, Mrs. Allen's Hair Restorative and Zylobalsam, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, Brown's Bronchial Troches, Henry's Husbands and Ellis' Magnesia, Ellis' Citrate Magnesia, Spauldings' Prepared Glue, Jaynes' Expectorant and Alterative, Goddards' Lotion, Bartines' Lotion and Sandfords' Invigorator, just received and for sale by
J. WILLIAM BOWLING,
jan 31 62 corner Fairfax and Prince streets.

PEEL & STEVENS,
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS, 39 KING-STREET,

CALL the attention of the trade to their extensive stock of DRUGS, MEDICINES, PAINTS, OILS, &c., which they are now receiving—all they ask is a fair examination of their stock, as they are confident that they can convince any dealer that it would be to his interest to buy of them instead of at the North. sep 7

FOR COUGHS, COLDS, &c.—Hunnewell's Universal Cough Remedy, Wistar's Lozenges, Brown's Bronchial Troches, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, Stabler's Anodyne Cherry Expectorant, Rose's Cough Syrup or Expectorant, Puller's Compound Tolu, on hand, and for sale by
WM. A. HART, No. 112, King-st.,
Next door to Marshall House,
☞ Sign of the Golden Mortar. oct 20

COX'S GELATINE, Irish Moss, pure Ground Cinnamon, Allspice, Cloves and Ginger, Nutmegs, Aenis, Coriander, and Fennel Seed, Extracts Vanilla, Lemon, Orange, Peach, Almonds, Raspberry, and Strawberry, British Lustre, Sup. Carb. Soda, Cream Tartar, Oxalic Acid, Opium, Low's Brown Windsor and Honey Soap, just received, and for sale by J. WM. BOWLING,
dec 18 62, cor. of Fairfax and Prince-sts.

FRESH DRUGS AND CHEMICALS.—Gum Camphor; Cream of Tartar; Oxalic Acid; Tartar Emetic; Tannic Acid; Acetic Acid; Strong Liquor Ammonia; Hypophosphite Soda; Nitrate Silver; Flake Manna; Chlorate Potash; Opium; Calabria Liquorice; Ground Flaxseed; Sicily Liquorice; Spermaceti; Sage; Pennyroyal, just received, and for sale by JAMES ENTWISLE, JR.,
jan 18 Apothecary, 94 King-st.

FRENCH PASTE BLACKING; Ayer's Cherry Pectoral; Holloway's Arnica Plasters; Ellis's Solution; Citrate of Magnesia; pure Ground Pepper and Cinnamon; Henry's Magnesia; just received, and for sale by
JAMES ENTWISLE, JR.,
jan 18 Apothecary, 94 King st.

CIGARS, &c.—A lot of superior Cigars, Lynchburg Tobacco, Brown's Bronchial Troches, Bromide of Potassium, Chloroform, Sponges, Ext. Vanilla, (superior) Chamois Skins, Homœopathic Cocoa, Donovan's Syrup of Bark, Glycerin Cream for chaps, &c., for sale by
DR. R. H. STABLER, Chemist;
nov 14 No. 165, King st., cor. of Washington.

FRESH DRUGS, CHEMICALS, &c.—Cream Tartar, Ground Black Pepper, White Wax, Ground Cinnamon, Nutmegs, Gum Arabic, Orris Root, Salts Tartar, Fluid Extract Sarsaparilla, Fluid Extract Valerian, Oil of Lemon, Oil of Cloves, Liquorice, Castor Oil, Vanilla Beans, &c., just received and for sale by
jan 15 MILBURN & BRO., Druggists.

OILS.—
200 gallons Linseed Oil
250 " Kerosene Oil
250 " Spirits Turpentine
250 " Ethereal Oil
200 " Whale Oil, in store and for sale by LEADBEATER & CO.,
12 mo 17 Nos. 5 & 7 South-Fairfax street.

BLACK STICK POMADE, Hauel's Erasive Soap; Wilbor's Cod Liver Oil; Castile Soap; Cochineal; Husband's Isinglass; Adhesive Plaster; Hops; Glycerine; Copaibas and Cubeb Capsules, just received and for sale by
JAS. ENTWISLE, JR.,
dec 22 Apothecary, 94 King street.

LYNCHBURG SMOKING TOBACCO.—Another supply of this superior smoking tobacco, just received, and for sale by
WM. A. HART, No. 112, King-st.,
Next door to the Marshall House.
☞ Sign of the Golden Mortar. jan 28

CANNON'S BITTERS.—We have on hand several gross of Cannon's Bitters, which we can sell at the lowest rates.
LEADBEATER & CO.,
2 mo 13 Nos. 5 and 7, South Fairfax st.

KEROSENE LAMPS, Shades, Chimneys, Wicks, Globes, &c. Also, extra Burners for altering Lamps, just received by
WM. A. HART, No. 112 King-st.,
next door to the Marshall House.
☞ Sign of the Golden Mortar. dec 29

ETHEREAL OIL.—We have just received 250 gallons West's Extra No. 1 Ethereal Oil, which we can sell at low rates.
LEADBEATER & CO.,
2 mo 12 Nos. 5 and 7, South Fairfax-st.

ELASTIC WATER PROOF PASTE, for preserving the Leather soft and elastic, and keeping the feet dry. just prepared, and for sale by DR. R. H. STABLER, Chemist,
feb 5 No. 165, King-st., cor. of Washington.

KEROSENE OR COAL OIL, just received, and for sale by
WM. A. HART, No. 112 King st.,
Next door to the Marshal House.
☞ Sign of the Golden Mortar. jan 28

KEROSENE OR COAL OIL, just received and for sale by
WM. A. HART, 112 King-street,
next door to Marshall House.
☞ Sign of the Golden Mortar. dec 29

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES—A full supply of these valuable articles for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, &c., just received at
MILBURNS, Apothecaries,
dec 11 King-street.

PEAS.—We have just received our first supply of Landreth's Extra Early Peas. Orders had better be sent early, as the supply is limited.
LEADBEATER & CO.,
1 mo 19 Nos. 5 & 7 S. Fairfax st.

COAL OIL, Ethereal Oil, and 95 per cent Alcohol, on hand by
J. WILLIAM BOWLING.
jan 31 62, corner of Fairfax and Prince streets.

ALMANACS FOR 1861, for gratuitous distribution. Apply to
LEADBEATER & CO.,
1 mo 19 Nos. 5 & 7 S. Fairfax-sts.

WATERS.—Greenbrier, White Sulphur, Saratoga, and Culpeper Alum Waters, for sale by
LEADBEATER & CO.,
12 mo 17 Nos. 5 & 7 South Fairfax street.

DRY GOODS, &c.

SECESSION AND WAR!
SECESSION AND WAR!
SECESSION AND WAR!
NOW AND FOR A SHORT TIME ONLY!
NOW AND FOR A SHORT TIME ONLY!
In order to clear out
In order to clear out
THE REMAINDER OF OUR WINTER STOCK,
THE REMAINDER OF OUR WINTER STOCK,
We will from this day out,
We will from this day out,
SELL AT NEW YORK FIRST COST,
SELL AT NEW YORK FIRST COST,
AT COST. AT COST. AT COST.
AT COST. AT COST. AT COST.
As the season is rather advanced,
As the season is rather advanced,
We offer a beautiful
We offer a beautiful
VARIETY OF SHAWLS AND CLOAKS,
VARIETY OF SHAWLS AND CLOAKS,
At 12½ per cent.
At 12½ per cent.
BELOW COST. BELOW COST.
BELOW COST. BELOW COST.
In order to make room for
In order to make room for
SPRING GOODS!
SPRING GOODS!

☞ Call and see the inducements! We are always willing, and ever ready, to show what we advertise
IS SO! IS SO! IS SO!
IS SO! IS SO! IS SO!
C. L. & D. SICHER,
dec 9— Corner King & Pitt-streets.

LINEN GOODS.

ASHBY & WOOD, No. 170, King-street, have now in store a full supply of IRISH LINENS for Shirting—
Bleached 6-4 and 8-4 Table Damask
Brown " " "
Russia Diaper; Huckeback Toweling
Table Napkins, white and colored
Bath Towels; Linen Sheeting, 3 yards wide
Pillow Case Linen; Family Linen
Linen Floor Cloths, or Druggets
Pleated Shirt Bosoms; Ready-made Shirts.
The above with all kinds of DRY GOODS, we are now offering as low as the same goods can be found in this market. nov 20

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.

ASHBY & WOOD, No. 170, King-street, have now in store a full supply of superior French and American CLOTHS—
Best makes 3-4 and 6-4 Black Doeskin
Fancy Cassimeres, all qualities
Cassinets and Kentucky Jeans
Lambs' Wool Shirts and Drawers
Merino " "
Cotton, Lambs' Wool, and Silk Socks
Shirts, Shirt Collars, Cravats, Neck Ties, Gloves, and all kinds of Dry Goods used by gentlemen. We ask dealers generally to examine our stock. nov 20

NEW GOODS.—Just received the following very desirable Goods—
Printed Mouselaines and Coburgs
Black, Brown, and Green Poplins
Fig'd Merinos and Wool Delaines
Black Italian Lustings
Reped Mouselines
Alpacas, Debages, Calicoes, Ginghams,
Shawls, Cassimeres for Men and Boys
Red and Grey Flannels, Brown and Bleached Cottons, 10-4 and 11-4 Bleached Sheetings, Cotton Osnaburgs, Linseys, &c., for sale by
BRYAN & ADAMS,
nov 15 Agents for G. F. Jones.

HOUSEKEEPING AND SERVANTS' GOODS.

We have now on hand a well selected stock of the above goods, such as Sheetings, Table Linens, Napkins, Towelings, Linseys, Full Cloths, Blankets—from common to very fine—Osnaburg, Blue Domestics, Ginghams, Pillow Case Cottons and Linens, Dunbar & Dickinson's Barklies, Charley & Co., and Richardson's Irish Linens in all qualities, all of whom we will dispose of on the best terms. TAYLOR & HUTCHISON,
Washington, nov 13

HAVING determined to sell GOODS a little cheaper than they can be bought south of New York, we now offer beautiful MOUSLAINES at 16 and 18c.; also, handsome CASHMERES at 25c., worth 37½c. The above GOODS are offered at a great sacrifice, as many of the Mouslaines cost from 20 to 22c., and the Cashmeres from 27 to 30c. Persons wishing bargains will do well to pay us a visit, at our Store, 107, King street, corner of Pitt.
jan 23 S. & W. MEYENBERG.

FURS! FURS!! FURS!!!
PANIC PURCHASES, GREAT BARGAINS!—We are now opening one of the finest stocks of LADIES' DRESS FURS ever offered in this market. These goods have been bought for CASH during the past week, and we are enabled to offer them at prices unparalled in the history of the Fur trade.
S. & W. MEYENBERG,
dec 4 107 King-st., cor. of Pitt.

WHAT SHALL WE DO? WHY GO TO SCHWARZ'S—Times are hard and money scarce. Where do you get your GOODS! why at SCHWARZ'S. He'll sell you the best bargains in town. He has put all goods down at prime cost, and is glad to sell them at that—knowing the times are hard and money scarce, he has put all his goods down—prime at cost. Call and see him at 132, King-street. jan 7

CLOAKS! CLOAKS!!
CLOAKS!!!
The Camilla, the Arab, the Garibaldi,
The Romeo, the Zouave, the Albanas,
The Richard, the English Sack, the French Sack,
With many other new and beautiful styles in Rept Treco and French Beaver CLOTH, in prices from $3.50 to $26, to which we ask the attention of the ladies. TAYLOR & HUTCHISON.
Washington, nov 24

10 PER CENT. DISCOUNT will be allowed (on the already low price,) on all cash bills of $1 and upwards, from the 1st of January, 1861, and all persons in want of bargains can get them by calling upon us, as we have determined to reduce our stock as much as possible prior to taking our inventory; and to this end have determined to allow the 10 per cent. discount spoken of above. [dec 29] S. & W. MEYENBERG.

OIL CLOTH FOR HALLS AND ROOMS.—I have received 4 Sheets of OIL CLOTH, 2—4 yards, and 2—6 yards wide. These Cloths are splendid patterns, and of extra quality. They represent in their patterns the most beautiful Tiling, and will be cut according to diagrams of Rooms and Halls.
nov 20 J. M. STEWART.

BLANKETS, NOW IN STORE.

ASHBY & WOOD, 170 King st., have heavy Servants Blankets, do. do. Hotel or School do., do. fine Bed, all sizes. Also, Flannels, Linsey, Worsted, Hosiery, Gloves, Shawls, Cloaks, and all kind of Dry Goods, to which they invite the attention of dealers generally. dec 3

OUR ACCOUNTS having been made off to January 1st, and pretty generally distributed, we call on our friends to make a prompt response, as times are hard and money scarce.
jan 21 S & W. MEYENBERG.

NEW GOODS.—Just received another lot of those very cheap Calicoes, Brown Cotton, Bleached Shirtings, Black Alpaccas, and Gents Shawls, and for sale by
dec 28 BRYAN & ADAMS.

THE SALE OF GOODS bought of the trustees of that insolvent firm in Georgetown is still going on. Bargains may still be had for cash only. [jan 30] S. & W. MEYENBERG.

FOR OVERCOATS, &c.—Just received a very fine article of Double Width Mixed CLOTH, Virginia made, for Overcoats and Business suits. Call at [dec 3] BRYAN & ADAMS', Agents.

ANOTHER ARRIVAL.—Just received another lot of those very cheap Calicoes, White Flannels, and Mouselaines, and for sale by
nov 22 BRYAN & ADAMS, Agents.

BEAUTIFUL PRINTS for 8 and 9 cents, worth 12½ cents, at
jan 23 MEYENBERG'S.

BLANKETS! BLANKETS!!—For Families and Servants, very cheap, at
jan 24 S. & W. MEYENBERG'S.

BEST 12½ CENT CALICOES now selling at 10 cents, at
jan 23 MEYENBERG'S.

2000 PAIRS COUNTRY KNIT SOCKS, a prime article, just received and for sale low by [jan 24] S. & W. MEYENBERG.

2,000 PAIRS COUNTRY KNIT SOCKS, on hand, which will sold very low by
jan 21 S. & W. MEYENBERG.

EMBROIDERIES! EMBROIDERIES!!—Another lot of those Collars and Sets just opened at [dec 4] S. & W. MEYENBERG'S.

TRIMMINGS!—TASSELS!!—BUTTONS!!!—in every variety, at 107 King street.
dec 4 S. & W. MEYENBERG.

CLOAKS—A good assortment, just received by
oct 5 HARPER & BRO.

DRY GOODS, &c.

$3000 WORTH OF DRY AND FANCY GOODS, WHICH WILL BE SOLD CHEAPER THAN THEY CAN BE BOUGHT AT AUCTION.—We have bought of the trustees of an insolvent firm in Georgetown, at less than 50c. in the dollar, the entire stock of DRY and FANCY GOODS, and will sell the same for CASH at a small advance on what we paid for them. We have devoted a portion of our store to this stock exclusively, and invite the special attention of the trade to the same. *Come early, as there will be a great rush.*

We name in part Shawls, Cloaks, Silk Mantillas, Mouslaines, Berage deLaines, Berages, Calicoes, Ginghams, Embroidered Collars, Sets, Bands, Insertings and Edgings, Blonde, Bobbin, Cotton, and other Laces, Bonnet and Belt Ribbons, Tarlatans, Plain and Figured Swiss Muslin, Checked and Plain Jaconet Cambrics, Berages and Tissues for Veils, Hoop Skirts, Parasols, Corsets, Silk and Cotton Illusions, Plain and Figured Nets, Wool Yarn, Worsted Hoods, Undersleeves, Clouds, Ladies' and Children's Hose, Ladies' and Gentlemen's Gloves and Hose of every description, Gentlemen's Cravats and Neck Ties, and many other goods too numerous to mention.

Fancy Goods of every description. We earnestly invite our friends and the public to call and examine, as we intend to sell greater bargains than have ever been offered in this place before.
S. & W. MEYENBERG,
jan 26—dtf corner King and Pitt streets.

DISSOLUTION.—The partnership heretofore existing under the firm of G. K. WITMER & BROS., is this day dissolved by the withdrawal of E. F. Witmer.

All persons indebted to the firm, are requested to make prompt settlements with E. F. Witmer who is alone authorized to use the name of the firm in the settlement of the business.
jan 1 G. K. WITMER & BROS.

NOTICE.—The undersigned have formed a copartnership and will continue the DRY GOODS business in all its branches, under the style of WITMER & CO., at the northeast corner of King and Royal streets. We solicit a continuance of the liberal patronage extended to the old firm during the past ten years
G. K. WITMER.
A. H. SLAYMAKER.
EDMUND PERRY, jr.
jan 1 A. B. SLAYMAKER.

GREAT REDUCTION FOR CASH.—We will sell the following GOODS at cost, and make a further reduction of 10 per cent. on all bills amounting to $10.

Our entire stock of LADIES' WINTER DRESS GOODS, consisting of
Superior all wool French Merinoes
Do " " Mouslines
Plain and striped Valentias
Figured and plain Cashmeres
Rich figured Mouslines
Do " Merinoes
Also, about 100 patterns of Dress Silk
Cloth Cloaks, Shawls, Piano and Table Covers.
Purchasers will do well to examine our stock, as the above will be in force for a short time only. An early call is solicited. ASHBY & WOOD,
jan 25 No. 170, King-street.

GLORIOUS AND EXCITING NEWS!!—Look at the rush at SCHWARZ'S Store, and why, because he sells you GOODS at a very small advance, and always has some bargain or other. To-day, you will find the following extra bargains on hand, with yard wide Black Silk at 37c., heavy and good quality and no mistake
3-4 wide Black Silk at 62c., a splendid goods
The prettiest and choicest Mouselin DeLaines at 20c., never was sold for less than 25c
Figured, plain and striped DeLaines, a hundred pieces at 12½c
The best Embroidered Cambric Collars with Bands for 12½c
Silk Round Veils, a dollar article for 25c
42 spring Steel Skirts, with Bustle at $1
15 " " " " " at 38c., and in fact a great many GOODS in proportion. Do give him a call, and convince yourself—ask for the goods as advertised, and you'll find, he'll come up to the scratch. There is no humbug, he has a large stock, and it must be sold, as money is all that is wanting now, and never stop traveling till you get to SCHWARZ'S Store. nov 2

WHAT TIMES WILL DO!!—If you wish to see how to lay out your money to the best advantage in the way of
DRY GOODS,
just take a glance at SCHWARZ'S Store, and look in his windows, and see the goods he has marked out, and at low figures: Best 12½c. Calicoes at 8c.; elegant 25c. DeLain at 11c.; all Linen Pocket Handkerchiefs at 6¼c., worth 12½c.; good and heavy Crash for Towels at 6c.; Head Handkerchiefs for Servants at 6c.; fast colored Calicoes, worth 10c. at 6c. In fact, all goods he has now on hand, he will make a sacrifice in, as he has a large amount of money to raise, and is willing to pay the interest by selling his goods at 25 per ct. less than cost. Call and see him early; also a lot of SHOES on hand, cheap. jan 26

LOOK OUT!—WAR LADIES, WAR!—5,000 Ladies wanted to go to HENRY SCHWARZS' cheap store, and get their winter supplies. He has certainly got the cheapest BLANKETS, SHAWLS, CAPES and FURS on hand, and some of the best bargains ever offered before. He has a heap of money to raise this month, and will undoubtedly sell you goods right, as their is no use talking. He'll let nobody go, even at cost prices. He is selling a great many goods, such as DeLains, Merino, plaid and fancy Dress Goods and Notions. Be sure and call and see him at 132 King street, sign of the ☞ in front of the store. dec 6

NEW GOODS.—Just received another supply of those desirable and cheap Goods, and name in part:—Cocheco and other Prints; Ginghams; Col'd Jeanes; Col'd Cambrics; White Flannels; 4-4 Bro. Cottons; 3-4 Bro. Cottons; Bleached Cottons; assorted Canton Flannel; Sheeting Cotton; Cotton Osnaburgs; Twil'd. Cottons; Plaid Domestics; Twil'd. Duck, &c., for sale by
jan 24 BRYAN & ADAMS, Agents.

SHIRTING COTTONS AND IRISH LINENS.—Just received a good assortment of the best makes of Bleached Cottons and Irish Linens, such as New York Mills Bleached Cottons; Wamsuta Mills do.; Richardson's Family Linen; Dunbar, Dixior & Co.'s do., for sale by
jan 24 BRYAN & ADAMS, Agents.

6-4 LOUDOUN FULLED CLOTHS, 4-4 and 9-8 Plaid Linseys, Servants Blankets, Stockings and Flannels, Kerseys, Brown Cottons, and Cotton Osnaburgs, Bed Comforts, Striped Domestics, &c., just received, and for sale very cheap, at BRYAN & ADAMS', Agents.
nov 22

JAMES C. NEVETT,
Duke Street Wharf, Alexandria, Va.,
OPPOSITE PIONEER MILLS,

IS NOW receiving his fall supplies of GUANOS and FERTILIZERS, as follows:
No. 1 PERUVIAN GUANO, direct importation.
CALIFORNIA GUANO, of recent importation, analyzing 8 per cent. Ammonia.
ROBINSON'S No. 1 MANIPULATED GUANO, a superior article, warranted equal to any in the market.
ICHABOE GUANO, from Saldanna Bay, Africa, analyzing 11 per cent. Ammonia, warranted genuine.
BAKER'S ISLAND GUANO, analyzing 78 to 80 per cent. Bone Phosphate Lime.
DEBURG'S No. 1 SUPER PHOSPHATE OF LIME.
No. 1 COLUMBIAN GUANO.
No. 1 NAVASSA GUANO.
A. A. MEXICAN GUANO.
PULVERIZED BONES.
All of which are warranted to be of the best quality, and will be sold in large or small quantities at the lowest market rates. aug 15

ALEXANDRIA LIBRARY COMPANY.—Library kept in the south-room, first-story, of the LYCEUM HALL, S. W. corner of Prince and Washington streets. Open every day from 5 to 7 o'clock, P. M. Annual subscriptions, $3; six months, $1.50; three months, $1. Volumes in Library, nearly 5,100.
President—R. L. CARNE, JR.
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Sylvester Scott,	Andrew Jamieson,
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my 5—1y J. SAM'L. WIMSATT, Librarian.

COAL.—White and Red Ash Anthracite and Cumberland COALS on hand, and being constantly received, for sale by cargo, car-load, or single ton. Apply to D. B. SMITH.
☞ Orders may be left at Potomac Insurance Office, or my office, on the Wharf, between Cameron and Queen streets. oct 9

I HAVE SOLD 150 MACGREGOR STOVES in Alexandria, and surrounding country, the past and present season. For sale only by
H. I. GREGORY,
dec 6 118 and 120 King-street.

REMOVED.

PERRY BROTHERS have removed to Fairfax street, in the Mansion House building. dec 8

GROCERIES, &c.

WE HAVE just received our stock of FALL and WINTER GROCERIES, selected carefully for Family use, consisting in part of the following articles:
6 hhds. prime Porto Rico Sugar
5 " " St. Croix "
5 " common Brown "
1 " Lovering's Syrup
5 " prime Porto Rico Molasses
5 " " Muscovado "
5 " " Cuba "
10 bbls. Miller's Cut Loaf "
10 boxes Lovering's best Loaf Sugar
10 bbls. " " Crushed Sugar
5 " " " Granulated Sugar
15 " " B and C Yellow "
25 bags Old Government Java Coffee, strictly prime
20 bags White Laguyra Coffee
25 " Rio "
30 boxes Adamantine Candles
40 " and half boxes French Wax Candles
5 " superior Sperm do.; 15 do Jackson's Tallow do.; 10 do Brown Soap; 5 do Castile do.; 20 do prime Eastern Dairy Cheese; 10 do Pine Apple do.; 5 do Ground Ginger in 1 lb packages; 5 do do Pepper in 1 lb do.; 5 do S. C. Soda in 1 lb do.; 5 do Maccaroni; 5 half chests Green Tea, best quality; 5 do Black do. do. do.; 500 sacks Ashton's and G. A. Salt, in store, and for sale by
HUMPHREYS & TALIAFERRO,
at Marshall & Co.'s Old Stand,
nov 5 No. 11, King-street.

KNOX & BROTHER have just received a full stock of *FALL and WINTER GROCERIES*, selected carefully for Family use, consisting in part of the following articles—
10 hhds. Prime Brown Sugar
5 " Common do do
10 " Prime Molasses
5 " Common do
20 pack's. Lovering's best Crushed Sugar
20 " Moller's Cut Loaf "
40 " C. Y. Sugar
20 " Yellow do
50 bags Old Gov. Java Coffee, very superior
50 " Laguyra and Maricibo Coffees
50 " Rio Coffee
20 " Santos do
40 boxes Solar Sperm & Imp'l. Sperm Candles
40 " Common Adamantine Candles
40 " Mould Candles, very superior
10 half chests Green Tea, best quality
5 " " Black " " "
1000 sacks Ashton G. A. Salt
300 bbls. Prime N. S. and Eastport Herring
oct 25—tf

LIQUORS, WINES, &c.

250 BBLS. RECTIFIED WHISKEY
150 do. Medium Grade Old Monongahala
200 bbls. X, XX, and XXX
75 do Sup. pure Old Rye, warranted
150 ¼ and ½ casks Cognac and Champagne Brandy
20 bbls. Domestic Brandies
75 casks Blackberry, Ginger, Cherry, and Raspberry Brandy
25 bbls. Apple do
110 casks and ½ casks Maderia, Port, Sherry, Sicily, Muscat, Marseilles, Teneriffe, and Malaga Wines
55 baskets Champaigne Wine
75 tierces pure Cider Vinegar
Dealers in Liquors, Wines, &c., will find it greatly to their interest to call and examine our stock before making their purchases.
J. H. McVEIGH & SON,
sep 24— Prince street Wharf, Alexandria.

LIQUORS, WINES, &c.—
150 bbls. Old Rectified Whiskey
150 " X XX XXX do
100 " Old Monongahela do
20 " Pure Rye do 6 years old
50 " Domestic Brandy
15 casks Otard, Hennessey and Cognac do
10 bbls. Old Apple Brandy
10 " Old Peach Brandy
20 casks Malaga Wine
15 " Port Wine
15 " Maderia Wine
15 " Sherry Wine
25 bbls. Domestic Gin
2 pipes Holland Gin
25 bbls. Rum
75 cases Champagne Wine, various brands.
Also, Jamaica Rum, St. Croix Rum, Scotch Whiskey, Blackberry, Raspberry, Ginger, Cherry and Strawberry Brandy, &c.
sep 29 BLACKLOCK, DENT & CO.

LIQUORS, WINES, &c.—
175 bbls. Prime Rectified Whiskey
25 " Very Superior Old Rye, 7 years old
50 " X, XX, XXX ditto
40 " Old Monongahela, ditto
25 casks Hennessey, Otard, and Cognac Brandy
20 casks Malaga Wine
15 " Madeira ditto
5 ½ casks very Superior Old Sherry
5 ½ bbls. Superior Scotch Whiskey
2 pipes Pure Holland Gin
125 baskets Champagne Wine, best brands, for sale by
oct 10 WASHINGTON & CO.

PURE LIQUORS.—The practice of adulterating Liquors has become so common that a genuine article is the exception, while it is of vital importance to those requiring it for family use and invalids, that it should be of perfect purity. I have now on hand, Cognac Brandy, Holland Gin, Port Wine, Old Rye and Scotch Whiskeys, which I can recommend as being perfectly pure; also, an assortment of DOMESTIC WINES and BRANDIES.
CHARLES J. WISE,
nov 13 cor. of Prince and Pitt-sts.

50 BBLS. Monongahela WHISKEY
30 do. X. XX. XXX. Gibson's do
10 do. Pure Rye do
10 do. do. N. E. RUM
10 do. Domestic BRANDY, just received and for sale by
jan 9 HUMPHREYS & TALIAFERRO.

15 BOXES Fresh Layer RAISINS
15 ½ boxes " " "
15 ¼ " " " "
3 Cases best Preserved Ginger, just received and for sale by
jan 9 HUMPHREYS & TALIAFERRO.

FISH! FISH!!

250 BBLS. NEW EASTERN HERRINGS
40 " No. 1 Potomac do
25 " Labrador do., in store and for sale by. GEO. H. ROBINSON.
dec 12

GROUND ALUM SALT—Just arrived, and will begin to discharge to-morrow, (if fair,) 2370 sacks. Those in want will leave their orders at once. GRAY, MILLER & CO.,
jan 16 corner King and Water streets.

CHEESE! CHEESE!! CHEESE!!!—Just received a lot of prime Eastern Cheese; also another lot of New Orleans Sugars.
jan 1, GRAY, MILLER & CO.

180 DRUMS, CHOICE FIGS
20 boxes Valencia Raisins, just received, and for sale by
dec 20 J. E. DOUGLASS.

FAMILY BACON.—A lot of choice old Country Cured Hams, put up for family use, just received, and for sale by
jan 15 KNOX & BRO.

BACON.—10,000 pounds choice country cured Bacon, Hams, Sides and Shoulders cured expressly for family use. For sale by
jan 28 J. N. HARPER & CO.

10 BARRELS very superior Virginia BUCKWHEAT FLOUR, just received, and for sale by HUMPHREYS & TALLAFERRO.
jan 23

1500 SACKS G. A. SALT, part of cargo of ship "Scotsman," direct from Liverpool, in store and for sale by
dec 8 FOWLE & CO.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR.—A lot of fresh Virginia ground Buckwheat Flour, just received and for sale by PARTLOW, HILL & CO.
dec 3

500 BUSHELS WHITE AND BLUE MERCER POTATOES, just received, and for sale by THOMAS PERRY,
nov 23 No. 5, South Wharves.

2,500 LBS. PURE VIRGINIA BUCKWHEAT FLOUR, ground to my order, and warranted, for sale by
CHARLES J. WISE,
dec 6 cor. of Prince and Pitt-sts.

NEW ORLEANS SUGAR.—
10 hhds. New Crop New Orleans Syrup
10 bbls. " " " " Molasses, in store, and for sale low, for cash.
jan 31 T. A. BREWIS.

CLOVERSEED.—We have on hand, and shall have during the season, a full supply of prime CLOVERSEED.
jan 25 KNOX & BRO.

CLOVERSEED.—150 bushels prime CLOVERSEED, in store, and for sale for cash.
jan 31 T. A. BREWIS.

20 BARRELS YELLOW SUGAR, received this day, and for sale by
dec 20 J. E. DOUGLAS.

CLOTHING.

TO THE PUBLIC.

FASHION in dress is the pictorial history of the times, while it is the outward reflection, or rather halo, of internal refinement, and, therefore, in order to gratify appreciative intellectuality, the undersigned has, with great care, purchased a superior assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, and VESTINGS, embracing the newest styles and most elegant patterns the European market affords, which will be made up to order in artistic mode, defying superiority in cut and workmanship. In the FURNISHING LINE, Cashmere and India have poured out their offerings of Wool and Silk, the industry and intelligence of our own great country has competed in many instances successfully, in producing SHIRTS, (under and upper,) DRAWERS, GLOVES, SUSPENDERS, HALF HOSE, HANDKERCHIEFS, NECK TIES, STOCKS, with many other articles usual in a gentleman's toilet. Also, a good assortment of READY MADE COATS, PANTS, and VESTS, cut and made like ordered work, very far superior to what is generally sold in that way. But a small profit is asked, and orders filled with punctuality. If you want a GARMENT that will improve your appearance, call upon
W. D. MASSEY, Merchant Tailor,
oct 13 No. 92, King-street.

WILLIAM ARNOLD,
MERCHANT TAILOR, No. 95 King-Street,

RESPECTFULLY informs his customers and the public that he has now on hand a very extensive stock of SPRING and SUMMER GOODS. Elegant and fashionable styles of every thing of Gentlemen's wear, of which may be named in part black, blue and fancy CLOTHS. The finest and best French, English and American CASSIMERES. Fancy Silk, and Marseilles VESTINGS. Linen Shirts and Collars; Net Shirts and Drawers; Gloves; Linen and Silk Pocket Handkerchiefs; Neck Ties of every description and style; Suspenders of the finest quality and latest styles; half Hose, of the best quality. All work will be guaranteed to be done in the best manner. Thanking his customers and the public for past favors, he solicits the continuance of their patronage. Orders from the country promptly attended to. ap 23—tf

THE UNION FOREVER.—Strangers and citizens, one and all, are requested to examine the new and magnificent STOCK OF FALL and WINTER CLOTHING, at *SCHOOLHERR & BRO.'S Great Western Clothing House, 108 King street, Alexandria, Va.*, which comprises garments of every description for Men, Youths, Boys, and Servants, together with a full assortment of FURNISHING GOODS.

Their Clothing is all well made, of the best materials, warranted a perfect fit, and can be bought at much lower prices than the same kind of Clothing can be had elsewhere. Recollect they manufacture for themselves, therefore, every one who desires beautiful Clothing, at economical prices, should call at once at
SCHOOLHERR & BRO'S.,
Great Western Clothing House,
108 King street, 3 doors below the Marshall House,
Alexandria, Va. sep 8

100, 100, 100, 100, 100.
SIMON WATERMAN, No. 100, King street,
ALEXANDRIA, VA.,

BEGS leave to announce to his numerous friends and customers, that he is now prepared to exhibit a stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING, and Gentlemen's Furnishing GOODS, which in regard to quantity, quality, and styles, cannot be equalled by any similar establishment in this city, and not excelled by any Clothing house in the two leading avenues of fashion on this side of the Atlantic—Broadway, New York; and Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

Although the present stock is a very extensive one, indeed, additional supplies will still be received, from time to time, during the business season, in order to keep up a full assortment of styles and sizes.

P. S.—Mr. WATERMAN will endeavor to convince any one favoring him with a call, that his reputation for selling at the most moderate prices is grounded on facts. ap 29

REMOVAL.

TO enable us to meet more fully the wants of our customers, we have taken the large and handsome store-room in Green's Mansion House Building, on Fairfax street, next door to the Express Office. We would invite your attention to the large and general assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &c., together with an extensive variety of GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS; all of which have been selected from the latest styles, and will be furnished by us on as good terms, as by any first class furnishing establishment.
aug 21 W. & A. MURRAY.

TO THE PUBLIC.—I have just had manufactured a large number of suits of fashionable CLOTHING, which will be sold very cheap.

Also, just received an assortment of Velvet, Silk, and Cashmere Vestings, very handsome in style and combination. W. D. MASSEY,
nov 13 Merchant Tailor.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

THE undersigned having purchased of R. Y. Cross, his entire stock of BOOTS and SHOES, would most respectfully inform his friends and the public, that he intends to continue the manufacture of every variety of BOOTS and SHOES, and will keep constantly on hand a full assortment of every thing in his line adapted to the taste of every one, so that the most fastidious need not leave the Store without purchasing. He intends to sell his work at small profits to cash or punctual credit customers—none others need apply, as his very limited capital will not allow him to give long credit.

To CUSTOM WORK, he intends to devote his undivided attention, make it of the best materials, and at short notice, and flatters himself that he can get it up in as good style as any one in the same business.

He hopes by strict attention to business, to merit and receive a continuance of the very liberal patronage heretofore bestowed on his esteemed predecessor. Call at R. Y. Cross's old stand, No. 74, King street. HENRY C. FIELD,
jy 9—tf Successor to R. Y. Cross.

THE CASH SYSTEM ADOPTED.—The subscriber having tried the credit system, and found that it would not pay, has concluded to adopt the *CASH* principle. In future, and from this date, he will continue to do business upon this principle. In bidding adieu to the old system, he would return his thanks to his customers for past favors, and hopes by strict attention, and such inducements as he may offer, to continue it under the new. [jan 1—tf] JOHN L. SMITH.

LUMBER, LATHS, LIME, &c.

R. WATERS. THOS. A. WATERS.

WATERS & CO.,

EXTENSIVE DEALERS IN LUMBER, SHINGLES, LATHS and PALINGS.—Also, LIME, WHITE SAND, HYDRAULIC CEMENT, CALCINED PLAISTER, NAILS, &c., at the Wharf, foot of Cameron street.

They have constantly on hand a well assorted stock of SEASONED LUMBER. Their arrangements with manufacturers in different sections, enable them to supply particular bills of White Spruce and Southern Pine, of the best quality, and at shortest notice.

N. B. Now landing 80,000 feet of superior Georgia Pine, various sizes. mh 23

LUMBER, COAL, AND WOOD YARD.—*Corner of Union and Queen Streets, North.*—Where I am prepared to furnish every description of LUMBER, SHINGLES, LATHS, LIME, &c. Also, Oak and Pine WOOD, Red and White Ash, and Cumberland COAL, which I am selling low for cash, or on reasonable terms to good customers.
aug 3—tf U. W. BARKER.

HALLOTYPES! HALLOTYPES!!

THE LATEST AND GREATEST INVENTION IN THE ART!

THE undersigned having bought the patent-right for this city, offers these PICTURES to the public, and calls upon everybody who want PERFECT GEMS OF LIKENESSES! more TRUTHFUL, as DURABLE, and CHEAPER than Oil Paintings, to try a
HALLOTYPE!!
AMBROTYPES,
DAGUERREOTYPES,
and PHOTOGRAPHS,
Taken artistically, and as low, if not lower, than anywhere else. ☞ Come and see the HALLOTYPES! H. WOOLF,
mh 17—1y Royal st., 2d door from King-st.

GROUND PLASTER.

THE undersigned having rented the NEW STEAM PLASTER MILL of Messrs. Whiting & Wright, are prepared to furnish the best article of GROUND PLASTER, at six dollars per ton of 2240 lbs., delivered on the cars or to vessels. [jy 21] C. F. SUTTLE & CO.

GEORGIA PINE.—Just received from Savannah per Schr. Henry Payson, 60,000 feet of assorted GEORGIA PINE
5 by 9, 4 by 6, 4 by 4, 6 by 12
12 by 12, 10 by 12, 3 by 12, 2 by 12, for sale by [oct 5] WATERS & CO.

MILITARY GLOVES, a very superior article for officers; Colt's Pistols, U. S. Carbines, and Military Stores of all kinds, for sale by
jan 21 V. B. RICHARDS, JR., 110 King-st.